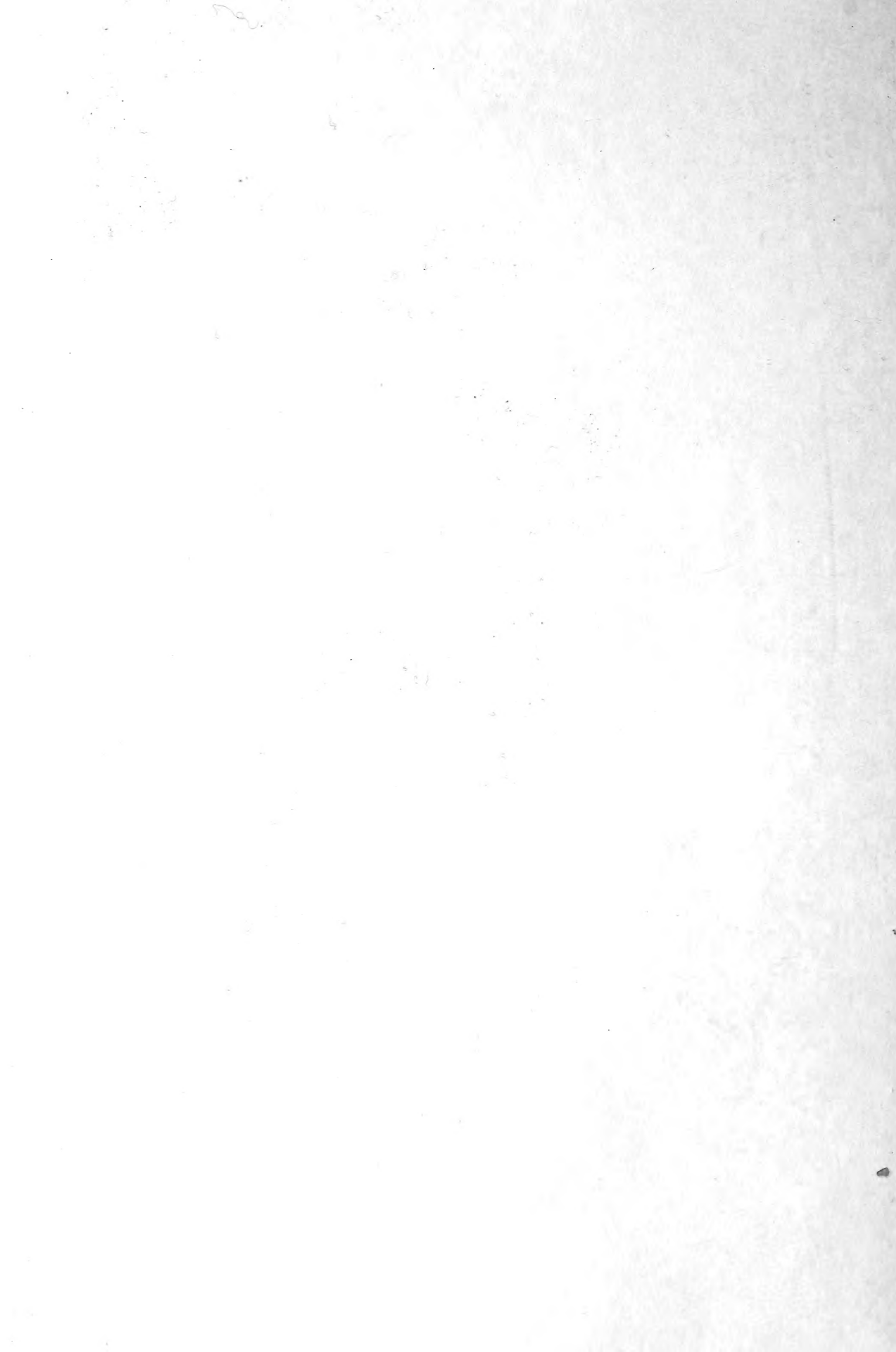


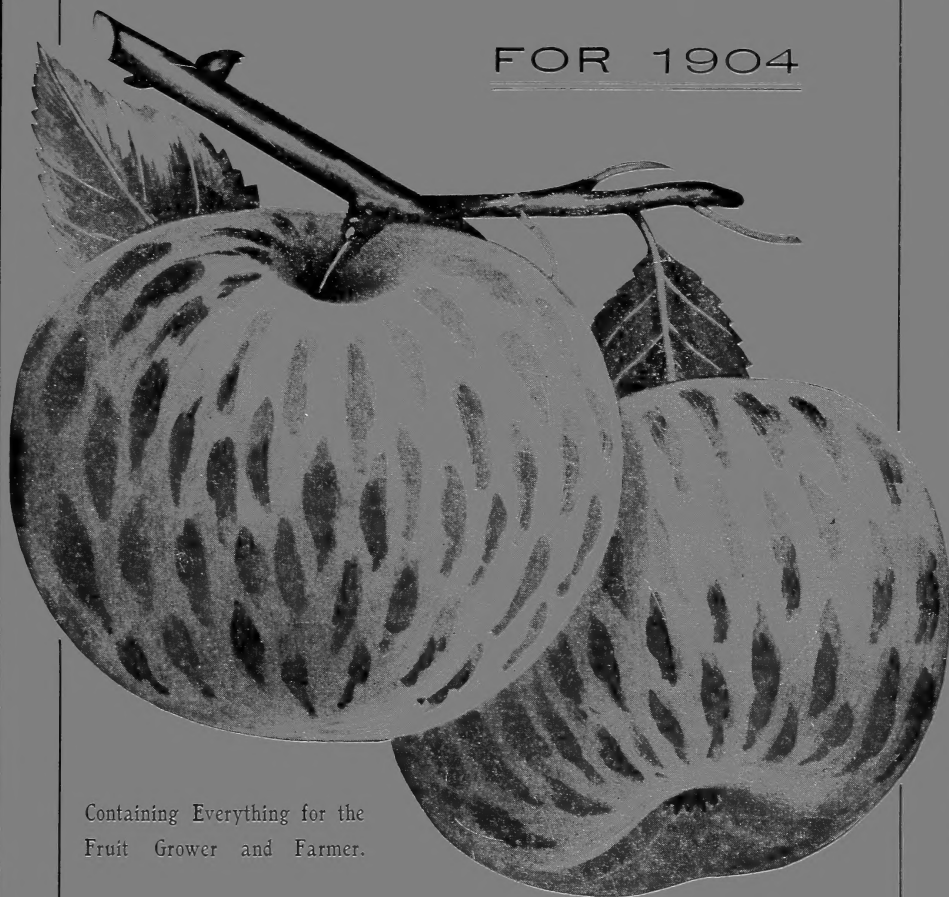
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Ernst's Catalogue and Price List

FOR 1904



Containing Everything for the
Fruit Grower and Farmer.

Ernst's Nurseries

Moscow, Ohio

Our Aim:—Best Quality of Goods at Lowest Prices.



GAIN we take pleasure in presenting you our catalogue and we trust you will appreciate same. We wish to express our thanks to former patrons for their patronage, and also solicit orders from those who have never dealt with us.

We have pleased many of our patrons year after year and will try and please all new customers who favor us with their orders as we have our old ones.

OUR LOCATION.—We are located at Moscow, Clermont county, Ohio, on the beautiful Ohio River, just 28 miles from Cincinnati. We can ship either by boat or rail. We have here 140 acres of this rich, sandy and clay bottom land that will grow trees and plants with tops and roots that cannot be surpassed. This land cost us over \$100.00 per acre and is well adapted for growing thrifty, healthy and clean stock. Besides this we have some land leased that we grow stock on. We grow annually about 200,000 fruit trees, besides all small fruit plants and roots.

Our trees are all grafted or budded on whole rooted seedlings, the best that are grown, and no small, puny seedlings do we use either, but the best only. Our scions and buds are all cut from bearing trees so our stock is strictly true to name. An important factor this is. Also clean stock free from disease of any kind. See Certificate of inspection. Our stock is all fumigated before sent out.

OUR REFERENCES.—Bank of Moscow and all the merchants and business men here; First National Bank, New Richmond, Ohio; the leading seedsmen and commission merchants of Cincinnati, Ohio.

OUR LIABILITY.—In case by mistake trees or plants prove untrue to name, we are not liable for more than cost of said trees; trees or plants will be replaced free of original cost of same.

OUR PACKING is done in best manner in moss and straw. No bales or boxes.

When trees or plants arrive, unpack and heel in mellow soil; plant at once, if ground is in condition. If frozen on receipt of same, place in cool cellar for a few days before unpacking. Then heel in well, or plant. If handled in this manner you need not lose any stock.

ORDER EARLY.—Orders are filled as received—first come, first served. Also state, if sold out on varieties, whether we can substitute equally as good. Sometimes we can give you better varieties than ordered. When permitted to substitute we always do something that we know to be good and as near in ripening, color of fruit, etc., as such ordered. When ordering, write your name, post office, county and state very plainly. Also state how stock shall be shipped, by freight or express. It pays best to have small orders sent by express always.

TERMS.—Cash with order. Send money by Bank Draft, Post Office or Express Money Order, or Registered Letter. Also state if no agent at your station, so you send money to pay freight charges. This will avoid delay and stock will reach you promptly. There will be no trouble, if you follow out above directions carefully. It is our object to please our customers in every particular.

Our success depends on your being fully satisfied in dealing with us, and our ability to satisfy you depends largely upon your careful compliance with above simple rules.

OUR CLAIMS.—We do not claim to be the largest growers in the world, neither are we the smallest by any means. But we propose to grow the best and as good as can be grown at reasonable prices, and give our patrons the benefits of good stock at low prices.

To those who send us in a club order. We will allow you 10 per cent. in stock for your trouble. See your neighbors and send in their orders and reap the benefit. You can do this without any trouble, if you try. If not, send us the names of those who may buy and are interested in fruit, and we will send them this catalogue, and we will remember you with something extra in your order. Let us hear from you with order.

Yours very truly,

CHAS. ERNST, Proprietor.

Ernst's Nurseries, Moscow, Ohio.

APPLE TREES.

Extra First Class—5 to 7 feet; 20c each; \$2.00 per doz.; \$15.00 per 100.

Medium First Class—5 to 6 feet; 15c each; \$1.50 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100.

Medium Class—4 to 5 feet; 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$6.00 per 100.

Second Class Trees—3 to 4 feet; 8c each; 80c per doz.; \$4.00 per 100.

Remember, we will sell 50 trees at 100 rates.

Summer Apples.

EARLY HARVEST.—Medium to large, pale yellow; fine flavor; excellent home market apple. Tree a moderate, erect grower and a good bearer. Middle to end of August.

GOLDEN SWEET.—Rather large; pale yellow; very sweet and good. Strong grower and good bearer. August.

KESWICK CODLIN.—"A noted English cooking apple, which may be gathered for tarts early in August," and continues in use till November. The tree is an early and abundant bearer, very hardy, and a strong grower. Large, regular and spreading. Fruit is greenish yellow, washed with a faint blush on one side, and is a little above medium size. The flesh is yellowish white—very juicy, and has a rather sprightly acid flavor. Very good.

RED ASTRACHAN.—This hardy early variety is well known, and a lengthy description is not necessary. Its merits are conceded in nearly every state in this country. Large, roundish, nearly covered with deep, crimson, overspread with a thick bloom; handsome, juicy, good, though rather acid. The tree is hardy, a free grower, with large foliage, and it is a **good bearer**; highly esteemed on account of fine appearance, earliness and hardiness. August.

SWEET BOUGH.—A sweet apple, ripening in harvest time—considered fine for the dessert, but too sweet for pies and sauce. For those who wish an early sweet apple, this apple is worthy of a place in their collection. Fruit medium, pale yellow. Flesh white and crisp. Ripens middle of July to 10th of August.

SOPS OF WINE.—Medium, dark red; quality excellent; tree very hardy and productive. August.

TETOFSKI.—Tree is an upright, spreading grower, forming an open head; comes into bearing extremely early, usually the second year after transplanting, and bears every year. Hardy as a crab. Fruit small size, nearly round; yellow, beautifully striped with red; flesh white, juicy, pleasant, acid and aromatic. July and August.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT.—Unlike most Russian apples, this is of superior quality, remarkably **early**, of large size, and **beautiful**. But the feature that makes it particularly desirable is, it is excessively **hardy** and can be safely planted in the most severe climate. It is also **productive** and bears at an early age. Two year trees bore in the nursery rows on our grounds, and orchard trees bear abundantly every season. On account of earliness, size, beauty, quality, hardiness, productiveness and early bearing, it is one of the most desirable early apples. Dr. Hoskins says: "Not only for the north, but southward it is becoming extremely popular as an early market apple."

Fall Apples.

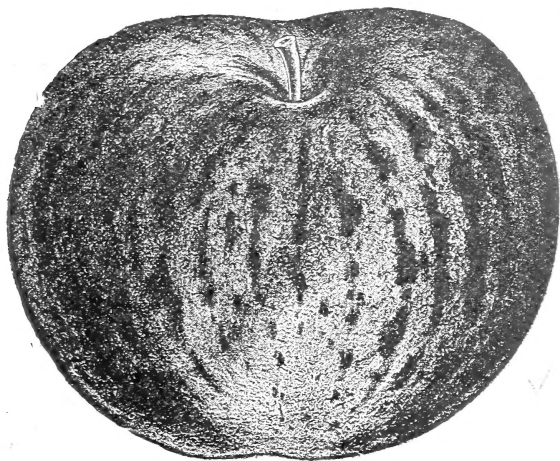
AUTUMN STRAWBERRY.—Medium, streaked; tender, juicy, fine, productive, and desirable. September and October.

ALEXANDER (Emperor).—Of Russian origin. Large; deep red or crimson; flesh yellowish white, crisp, tender, with pleasant flavor. Very hardy. September and October.

HAAS (Fall Queen).—Medium to large, slightly conical and somewhat ribbed; pale, greenish-yellow, shaded and striped with red; flesh fine, white, sometimes stained; tender, juicy, sub-acid. Tree vigorous and very hardy; upright grower with well-formed head; bears early and abundantly. September to November.

MAIDEN'S BLUSH.—Above medium size, flat, quite smooth and fair; pale yellow, with beautiful red cheek; tender, sprightly, pleasant acid flavor. Fair grower and good bearer. September and October.

WESTERN BEAUTY.—Large, shaded bright red on pale yellow; crisp, tender and mild sub-acid.



Duchess of Oldenburg.

DUCHESS OF OLDENBERG.—A Russian variety of remarkable beauty and one of the most hardy and productive varieties under cultivation. Does especially well in sections that are too cold for ordinary varieties. Tree is a vigorous grower and it requires little or no pruning, producing an abundance of fruit very even in size, which always sells well in market, and is a money maker. Fruit medium in size. Smooth skin, finely washed and streaked with red on a golden ground, covered with a faint blue bloom. Flesh juicy, sub-acid. Ripens the fore part of September.

RAMBO.—Medium; yellowish, streaked with dull red and somewhat dotted; mild, tender and good. Fine grower, productive; more especially valuable in the west. October to December.

BEITIGHEIMER.—A rare German variety, very recently introduced. Fruit large to very large; skin pale green color, mostly covered with purplish crimson; flesh white, firm, sub-acid, with a brisk, pleasant flavor. Tree a moderate grower, an abundant bearer and as hardy as a crab. This is one of the largest and handsomest of apples, and promises to be extensively cultivated. September to October.

Winter Apples.

ARKANSAS BLACK.—Tree very hardy and thrifty; an early and uniform bearer; the apple is large, smooth and round, black dotted with whitish specks; the flesh is yellow, very juicy and delicious flavor, one of the best keeping apples. Specimens have been kept until August the following year.

BALDWIN.—Large, roundish, deep, bright red; juicy, crisp, sub-acid, good flavor. Tree vigorous, upright and very productive of fair, handsome fruit; one of the best and most popular winter apples. January to April.

BEN DAVIS.—Large, smooth, nearly covered with red; sub-acid, one of the best market sorts. Tree vigorous and healthy and while not the hardiest, it rarely ever dies in debt to the planter. Should have a place in every orchard. Plant it and keep planting it. Remarkable keeper.

DOMINIE.—This variety was at one time extensively planted; and we frequently find an old tree of this variety which very forcibly reminds us that it is yet worth planting. Reasonably hardy, rapid grower and early bearer, branches being literally weighted down by the rope-like clusters of fruit; keeps throughout winter.

FALLAWATER (Tulpehocken).—Very large, yellowish green, dull red cheek, juicy, pleasant flavor. Strong grower. Young bearer. November to January.

FAMEUSE (Snow Apple).—A very celebrated Canadian apple. It derives its name from the snow white color of its flesh, and is considered par excellent. Brings the top price in market, and as a table apple is renowned. Tree moderately vigorous, hardy and very productive. Fruit medium size, roundish, somewhat flattened. Color pale yellowish green ground with light streaks of pale red, deepening to a deep red in the sun. Flesh exceptionally white, fine and juicy, with a fine perfume.

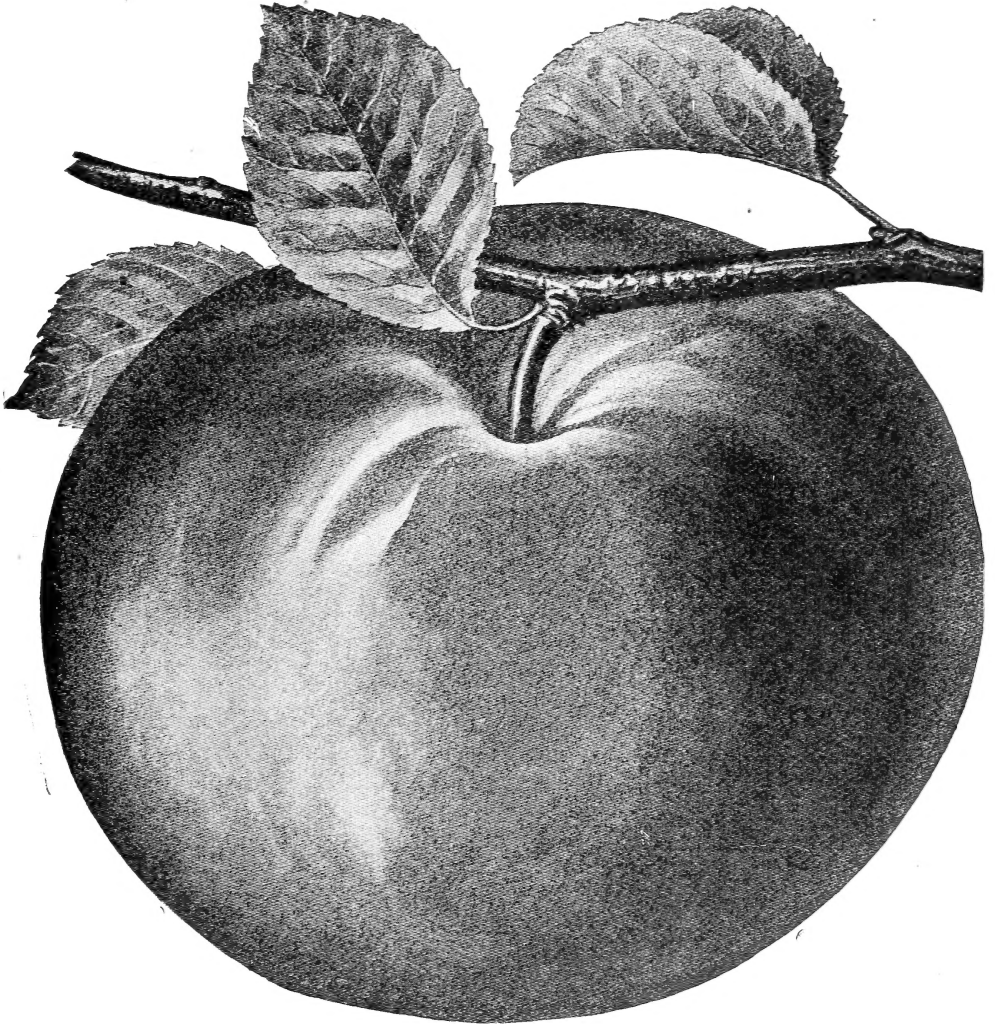
GANO (Black or Improved Ben Davis).—In describing the fruit, L. A. Goodman, secretary of the Missouri State Horticultural Society, says: "It is bright red on yellow ground (no stripes); large, oblong, tapering, surface smooth, polished; dots minute; basin shallow, sometimes deep; eye large, cavity deep, brown in color; stem medium to long; core medium; seeds large. Season January to April." Tree very vigorous and hardy, having stood 32 degrees below zero without injury. A rapid grower; large and spreading in orchard; fruit-spurs numerous; shoots long, smooth, brown, with protuberances on the limbs. Valuable market variety.

GIDEON.—Raised in Minnesota from crab seed by Mr. Gideon. An upright grower; medium to large; color yellow, with vermilion blush on sunny side; mild acid; quality good. December to March.

GOLDEN RUSSET.—Medium size; dull russet with a tinge of red on exposed side; flesh generally crisp, juicy, and high flavored; tree a vigorous grower and great bearer. December to May.

ROXBURY RUSSET.—The old standard russet of our grandfathers, and considered by many still to be in the favorite class.

GRIMES' GOLDEN.—Medium in size; rich yellow; ranks almost with Ben Davis for productiveness, and is much better in quality. Flesh yellow, solid, crisp, juicy, spicy, sub-acid; core small. A handsome golden yellow apple. Hardy and productive. One of the best for dessert.



Mammoth Black Twig.

MAMMOTH BLACK TWIG.—Tree large, dark red, nearly black. Tree hardy and very productive. Very valuable market variety in the West. November to April.

HUBBARDSTON NONESUCH.—Large; striped yellow and red; tender, juicy and fine. Strong, vigorous and a good bearer. October to December.

JONATHAN.—Fruit medium roundish; skin yellow, nearly covered with dark or lively red; fine grained, very tender and finely flavored; tree slender and spreading, with light colored shoots; a favorite market variety. November to January.

KING (King of Tompkins County).—A superb red apple of the largest size and finest quality. Tree a vigorous grower good bearer and hardy. The King on account of its color and firmness is one of the most desirable for distant shipping. Is not surpassed in large size. It is also highly attractive, and is always in great demand in the market. Last year dealers were looking everywhere for Kings, and New York dealers were writing for car lots. Do not fail to plant King apple.

MC INTOSH RED.—Tree very hardy, long lived, annual bearer; handsome fruit of excellent quality for home or market use; nearly covered with dark, rich red or crimson; flesh white, fine, very tender and juicy. November to February.

NORTHWESTERN GREENING.—Large; yellow and rich; exceeding hardy, and claimed to be an extra long keeper. New.

NORTHERN SPY.—Large; roundish, slightly conical, somewhat ribbed; striped, with the sunny side nearly covered with purplish red; flesh white and tender, with a mild sub-acid, rich and delicious flavor; tree is a strong, upright grower and forms a very compact head; should be kept open by pruning, so as to admit the air and light freely. Begins to bear late.

MANN.—Fruit medium to large; roundish oblate, nearly regular; skin deep yellow when fully ripe; flesh yellowish, half firm, half tender; juicy, mild, pleasant sub-acid. The tree grows straight, symmetrical, and makes a large tree in the orchard. It is an early and annual bearer.

RHODE ISLAND GREENING.—Large; greenish yellow; tender, juicy and rich, with rather an acid flavor; a spreading, irregular grower, and an abundant bearer. December to April.

PEWAUKEE.—New. A seedling from Duchess of Oldenburg. Fruit medium to large, round, obovate, waved; bright yellow, partially covered with dark red, striped and splashed, covered with a gray bloom and overspread with whitish dots; flesh yellowish white, breaking, juicy; flavor sub-acid, rich, aromatic, spicy; quality good to best. Tree strong growing and very hardy. Valuable North. January to June.

RAWLE'S JANET (Jenneting; Never Fail).—Medium; mixed and striped crimson on yellow and green; flavor sub-acid, vinous, refreshing. Popular as a market fruit on account of its regular and abundant yield. Blossoms later than other sorts, and thus escapes spring frosts. February to April.

ROME BEAUTY.—Sour; red-striped. Fruit large, roundish, very slightly conical. Mostly covered with bright red on pale yellow ground. Flesh tender, not fine-grained, juicy, of good quality. The large size and beautiful appearance of this new Ohio apple renders it popular as an orchard variety. November to February.

ROMAN STEM.—Medium; has rich, pleasant, musky flavor; fine in color—whitish brown, nearly covered with a delicate blush; for dessert. Midwinter.

SALOME.—Extra hardy, sour, red-striped. Keeps until June. Tree very hardy, healthy, vigorous and productive. Bears when young. Fruit medium size, roundish conical; skin pale yellow, striped and shaded light and deep red; flesh whitish yellow, tender, juicy, mild sub-acid, slightly aromatic, good. A long keeper. A valuable new Western apple.

SCOTT'S WINTER.—From Vermont. One of the best, long keeping, very hardy varieties. Vigorous grower, hardy as Wealthy; color bright red, flesh white with some stains of red; crisp, spicy, and of a brisk acidity. A long keeper, being at its best in April and May.

STARK.—A long keeper and a valuable market fruit. Fruit large, roundish, oblong, skin greenish yellow, much sprinkled with brown dots; flesh yellowish, juicy, mild sub-acid. January to May.

SUTTON BEAUTY.—One of the most desirable of recent introductions, beautiful and valuable. Originated in Massachusetts, where it is now the leading market apple; has proven one of the best in western New York. Medium to large, roundish, handsome, waxen yellow, striped crimson; flesh tender, juicy, sub-acid, good quality, keeps well. Tree a moderate grower and productive. November to April.

TALMAN.—Medium; pale yellow, slightly tinged with red; firm, rich and very sweet; the most valuable baking apple; vigorous and productive. November to April.

WAGENER.—Medium to large; deep red in the sun; flesh firm, sub-acid and excellent; very productive; bears very young. December to February.

WALBRIDGE.—Medium size; striped with red, vigorous grower and productive; very hardy. March to June.

WEALTHY.—A native of Minnesota, where it has proved perfectly hardy, vigorous and productive; fruit of large size, red, streaked with white; quality good. One of the most valuable market apples grown. November to January.

WINE SAP.—Medium; dark red; sub-acid, excellent. Tree a moderate grower and an abundant bearer. A favorite market variety in the West. December to May.

WOLF RIVER.—Tree very hardy and productive; fruit large and handsome; red color; flesh white and of fine quality; sub-acid. November to January.

TWENTY OUNCE PIPPIN.—Very large, yellow, striped with red.

WHITE PIPPIN.—Large, pale yellow when ripe; flesh white, tender, with rich, sub-acid flavor.

YORK IMPERIAL.—Medium to large, irregular, sometimes flattened; yellow, nearly covered with bright red; flesh firm, crisp, juicy, sub-acid and good; tree vigorous, and very productive; one of the best winter apples. November to February.

We have an extra fine lot of Baldwin and Ben Davis apple trees, and will quote special low prices on large orders of these varieties.

Special Varieties.

Special Varieties of Apples and Crab Apple trees, 5c higher than regular list.

BISMARCK.—In respect to its early fruiting habit the most remarkable apple ever introduced; one year grafts frequently produce fruit and two year trees seldom fail. Has fruited in many sections of the United States this season; we hear only words of commendation. Originated in New Zealand; has been tested in nearly every apple growing country and promises to succeed wherever apples can be grown; proving healthy, hardy, productive, and without a rival in its early fruiting quality. Tree of short, stocky growth, thick, healthy foliage; makes beautiful specimens grown in pots for decorative purposes. Fruit large, handsome, yellow, sometimes shaded red cheek; flesh tender, pleasant, sub-acid, good for dessert, superior for cooking; will keep well into winter.

WINTER BANANA APPLE.—A decided novelty of very great value. Bears at two years' old. Better in quality than the famous Swaar, which makes it easily the best of all apples on earth in quality. In February they have the appearance of burnished gold, tinted with red. Uniform in size, color and quality.

The name is most appropriate as it has a delightful banana perfume. Fruit keeps well till spring; the color is a striking red blush on a deep yellow ground. It is of large size and very showy in appearance, roundish, inclining to conical, stalk three-fourths of an inch long, cavity moderate, apex shallow. Originated in Indiana. Our stock came direct from the originator. Both grafts and three-year old trees of this grand apple produced abundantly the past season. We are much pleased with it. It is a splendid grower.

OPALESCENT.—Probably the handsomest apple ever put on the market. Color light, shading to very dark crimson with many yellow dots; skin smooth, susceptible of a very high polish reflecting objects like a mirror; flesh yellowish, tender juicy and good. The original tree has never failed to produce from a moderate to a full crop. It is not only a beauty, but all right for size, quality and productiveness, qualities rarely combined in one variety. Season December to March.



Bismarck Apple.

SELECT CRABAPPLES.

A good assortment of these hardy and beautiful trees should be among the first things planted. Are perfectly hardy and may be relied upon to furnish abundance of fruit suitable for a great variety of purposes. In our list of crabs are some of the finest eating apples to be found in the apple family. Plant them for the children; they are the special delight of the small boy. Don't allow him to go unsupplied.

TRANSCENDENT.—All things considered, this is one of the most valuable varieties of crab apples grown. Tree remarkably vigorous, growing to a good size, and immensely productive. Fruit very large, from one and one-half to two inches in diameter, being large enough to quarter and core for preserving and drying. Excellent for sauce and pies, both green and dried. The best of its size for cider, being juicy and crisp, and is also, by many, considered a good eating apple. Skin yellow, striped with red. The best for wine. September and October.

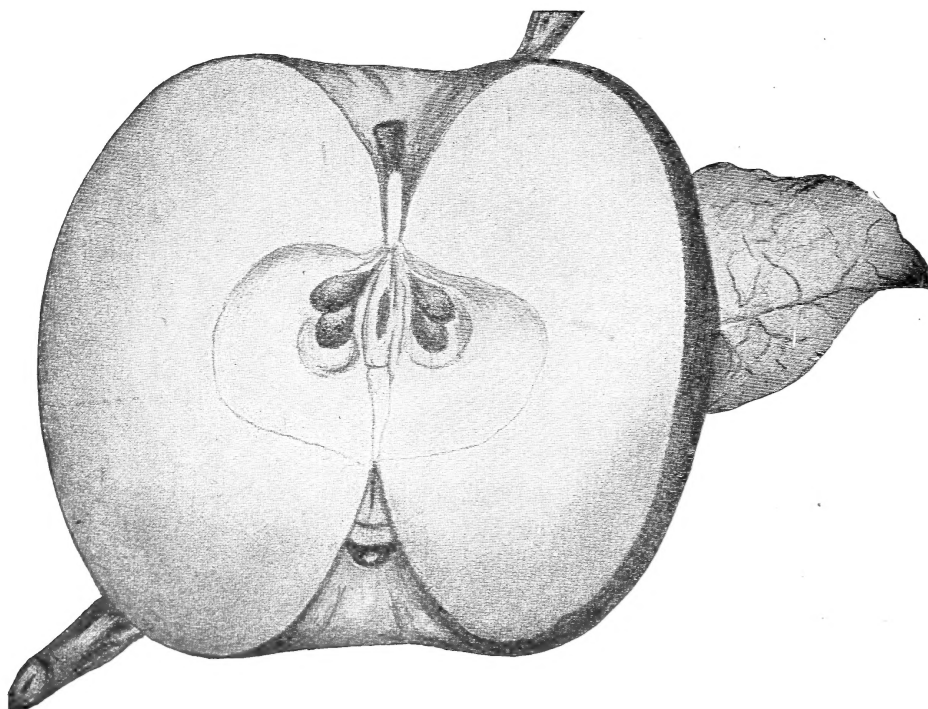
HYSLOP.—Fruit large, produced in clusters; roundish ovate; dark, red; covered with thick blue bloom; stalk long and slender; tree very hardy and vigorous grower.

MARTHA.—Gideon's new seedling, No. 5, from Minnesota. Striped. October. Immensely vigorous, hardy, productive every year, and in five years here in the nursery not a trace of blight. Mr. Gideon says: "For sauce surpasses any apple we ever grew." A most glorious tree, and great acquisition.

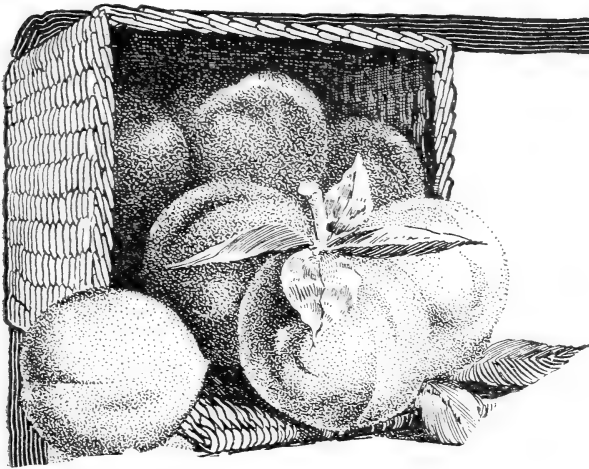
WHITNEY.—Large, averaging one and one-half to two inches in diameter; skin smooth, glossy green, striped, splashed with carmine; flesh firm, juicy and rich. Said to be a great bearer and **very** hardy. Tree a vigorous, handsome grower. Has no superior. Splendid for wine.

GENERAL GRANT.—Tree an erect, vigorous grower; fruit in dense clusters, quality equal to Duchess of Oldenburg. October to December.

HUGHES VIRGINIA.—Largely planted for cider. For this purpose it cannot be excelled. A large and sure cropper.



York Imperial. (See page 5. An excellent winter variety.)



PEACHES

The peach is a general favorite, both on account of its eating and canning qualities and from the fact that it yields the largest and quickest returns to the grower of any of the tree fruits. Owing to the introduction during the last few years of the newer "iron clad" varieties, peaches are now successfully grown over a wide area of the United States.

Prices for trees one year old from bud.

First Class—4 to 5 ft., 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$8.00 per 100.

Medium trees, first class—3 to 4 ft., 8c each; 80c per doz.; \$6.00 per 100.

Second class—2 to 3 ft., 5c each; \$4.00 per 100.

We also have a fine lot of 2-foot peach trees of the best varieties at \$2.00 per 100—our selection of varieties.

ADMIRAL DEWEY.—Skin deep orange yellow, with crimson cheek. Flesh clear yellow to the stone; juicy, melting, vinous; quality very good. Ripens with Triumph.

BELLE (Belle of Georgia).—Very large; skin white with red cheek; flesh white, firm and of excellent flavor. Tree rapid grower, very prolific; fine shipper. Ripe July 5 to 20.

TRIUMPH PEACH.—This is the earliest peach in the world, and, most remarkable of all, a free-stone variety. Up to this time all early peaches have been clingstones, and the hope of fruit growers has been that a new variety might be discovered which was early and parted freely from the pit. This seems to have been secured in the Triumph. Mr. P. J. Berckman, president of American Pomological Society, seems to have great confidence in this peach.

AMSDEN'S JUNE.—Much like Alexander. Medium size, highly colored skin, and white flesh. Freestone. One of the earliest.

FOSTER.—A good hardy Northern peach, very large and round, resembling Early Crawford, ripening about the same time. Yellow freestone.

CRAWFORD'S EARLY.—A magnificent large yellow peach of good quality. Its size and beauty make it one of the most popular orchard varieties. Fore part of September.

CRAWFORD'S LATE.—Very large, roundish, skin yellow, with a beautiful dark red cheek, flesh rich, yellow, melting, with sweet, luscious flavor, worthy of universal cultivation as table and market sort. Latter part of September.

ELBERTA.—Large, luscious, superb. The greatest money maker known to peach growers. Originated in Georgia, and is being planted most largely in the South, where it is regarded as the best market variety. Fruit large, yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow, firm, juicy, fine quality. Tree very hardy and exceedingly productive. It is equally valuable in the North and is one of the best general sorts for all sections. Ripens with Crawford's Early. This variety has become very popular in Michigan and Ohio. Exceptionally large and fine.

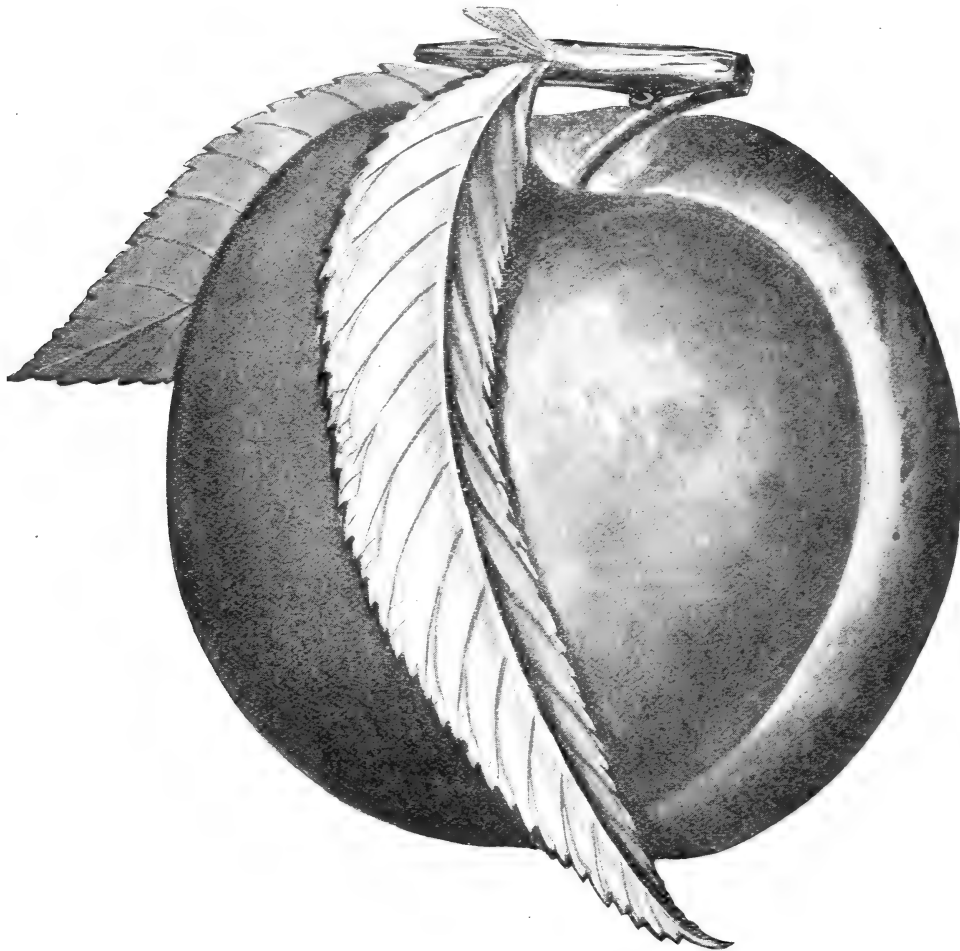
EARLY RIVERS.—Fruit large, very white, with a delicate pink cheek, flesh melting, rich and luscious. An excellent peach. End of July.

GOLDEN DROP.—Large, golden yellow, with red cheek in sun, flesh yellow, juicy, rich and very good. A valuable variety. Tree very hardy, productive. Ripens between Hill's Chili and Smock. Good canner.

SCHUMAKER.—A very early peach, quite similar to the Alexander in every respect. The skin, however, seems to be more highly colored, and hence the fruit is more showy. July.

CROSBY.—Originated near Billerica, Mass., in 1875, and noted on account of its hardness. Fruit medium size, roundish, slightly flattened, with a distinct seam; color bright orange yellow, with a very bright red cheek; flesh yellow, mild and pleasant. Middle of September.

HILL'S CHILI.—Large, downy, tame yellow, with slight blush, flesh yellow, luscious and well flavored, pit small. Tree hardy and productive. Bears large crops when most other sorts fail. Late September. Favorite sort for canning, The Michigan peach king.



Fitzgerald.

FITZGERALD.—An improved Early Crawford, being fully equal to it in size, quality and color. In Canada and Michigan has proven one of the hardiest. Fruit large, brilliant color, bright yellow, suffused with red; small pit; flesh deep yellow, best quality.

"Among new varieties Fitzgerald is perhaps the most promising. It is of the Early Crawford type, and apparently an improvement on that old favorite. The fruit buds are more hardy and the young trees will begin to bear the second year from planting. The fruit is large; skin bright yellow, suffused with red; flesh deep yellow and of the best quality; stone not as large as in Crawford." Last of August.

CHAMPION.—Many specimens measure ten inches in circumference. Flavor delicious, sweet, rich, juicy; creamy white skin, with red cheek, very handsome. Hardy, prolific, a good shipper.

YELLOW ST. JOHN.—Large roundish, yellow, freestone, ripens a little before Troth's Early; skin orange yellow, with deep red cheek, flesh juicy, sweet and high flavored. One of the earliest of the yellow fleshed freestones. Trees very productive. Valuable for market. Middle of August.

MOUNTAIN ROSE.—Large, skin whitish, nearly covered with light and dark rich red, flesh white, slightly stained at the stone. Very good and should be in every collection. Middle of August.

OLD MIXON FREESTONE.—Large, white skin, red cheek. Productive and profitable. Early September.

HEATH CLING.—Very large, creamy white, with delicate blush; white flesh. Juicy and tender. Good keeper. October.

REEVES FAVORITE.—Very large, yellow, with red cheek, yellow flesh, red at stone, sprightly flavor. Hardy. September.

WHEATLAND.—Fruit large to very large; quality best; color a deep golden yellow. Tree a stout, sturdy grower. A most excellent shipper. Between Crawford's Early and Crawford's Late.

STUMP THE WORLD.—Very large, roundish, white, bright red cheek, white flesh. Good. Last of September.

CHAIR'S CHOICE.—Of largest size; deep yellow with red cheek; flesh very firm; five days earlier than Smock; strong grower and a heavy bearer. September.

MOORE'S FAVORITE.—Very similar to the Old Mixon, but a few days later; fruit larger size and not quite so heavily laden. Best.

SALWAY.—Large, roundish; skin creamy yellow, with crimson red cheek in the sun; flesh deep yellow, juicy, melting, rich, sweet, slightly vinous, one of the best late peaches where it will ripen. October.

WONDERFUL.—A seedling of the famous Smock and partakes of its characteristics. Last of September.

CARMAN.—Large, resembles Elberta in shape; color creamy white or pale yellow with deep blush; skin very tough, flesh tender, fine flavor and quite juicy. Ripens with Early Rivers. One of the hardiest in bud; in shipping qualities and freedom from rot it is unsurpassed. August.

SMOCK.—One of the most popular peaches grown, esteemed for canning and evaporating. Productive, good, late.

NEW PROLIFIC.—A new peach of great promise. High quality, small pit, thick yellow flesh, valuable market variety. Ripens just before Crawford's Late when peaches are in best demand and highest in price.

ENGLE'S MAMMOTH.—Large, round, oval, suture slight; yellow with red cheek; flesh yellow; stone small, free; sweet, rich, juicy. Early September. A good market sort.

LEWIS.—Medium size, melting and rich, hardy and productive; white with red cheek. Last of August. Worthy of extensive planting.

MARSHALL.—Late; large, deep yellow, productive, ripening midway between Smock's and Salway, filling an important gap. October.

REEVES.—Fruit very large, round; skin yellow with a fine red cheek; flesh deep yellow, juicy, melting and excellent; tree hardy and productive; one of the best and most reliable yellow market peaches. Middle of September.

APRICOTS.

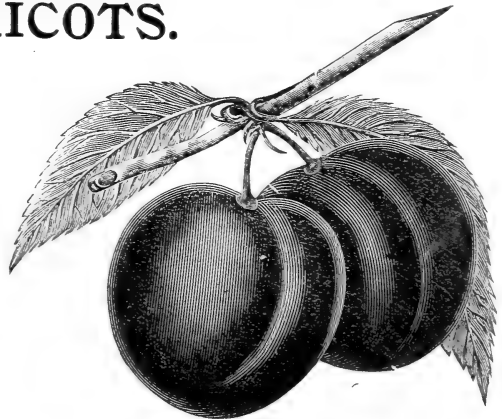
These are splendid fruits, but are not as well known or as highly appreciated as they should be.

First class trees—4 to 5 ft., 15c each; \$1.50 per doz.

ALEXIS.—An abundant bearer; productive. Medium sized, yellow, mild, sub-acid. July.

CATHERINE.—Vigorous and productive. Medium sized, mild, sub-acid. July.

J. L. BUDD.—Tree hardy, strong grower and profuse bearer. Fruit large size, white with red cheek, flesh juicy, sweet and excellent. Kernel as fine flavored as an almond. A decided acquisition and considered the best variety. First of August.



NECTARINES.

First class trees—25c each.

BOSTON.—Fruit large and handsome.

DOWNTON.—Large, pale, greenish yellow, with purplish cheek. Quality very fine.

PEARS.

The pear justly ranks as one of the most delicious fruits of modern times. It has been placed first by nearly all modern amateurs, on account of its fine,

juicy texture, exquisite flavor, and aroma. Of late years great attention has been paid to the cultivation of this favorite fruit, and those who have entered upon its cultivation for the market intelligently, have found it to be one of the most profitable occupations.

Standard first class trees—5 to 7 ft., 35c each; \$3.50 per doz.; \$20.00 per 100.

Medium class—5 to 6 ft., 25c each; \$2.50 per doz.; \$15.00 per 100.

Dwarf Pear Trees.—Those marked with (*) are what we can furnish in dwarf stock. Can furnish all in standard.

First class trees—25c each; \$2.50 per doz.; \$15.00 per 100.

Medium class—20c each; \$2.00 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100.

***BARTLETT.**—Large size, with often a beautiful blush next the sun; buttery, very juicy and high flavored; bears early and abundantly; very popular; succeeds best as a standard. August and September.

***CLAPP'S FAVORITE.**—Very large; yellowish green to full yellow when ripe; marbled with dull red in the sun and covered with small russet specks; vinous, melting and rich. A splendid pear, ripening before Bartlett. August.

EARLY HARVEST.—Fruit is large golden yellow, with a fine red cheek; flavor poor, but it sells well in the market because of its size and color and earliness in ripening; ripens one month before Bartlett.

***KOONCE.**—A very handsome early pear. Medium to

large, yellow with blush, good quality. One of the very few successful early pears. Does not rot at the core as badly as other early varieties. Valuable for market.

***TYSON.**—Medium size; bright yellow, cheek shaded with reddish brown; buttery. September.

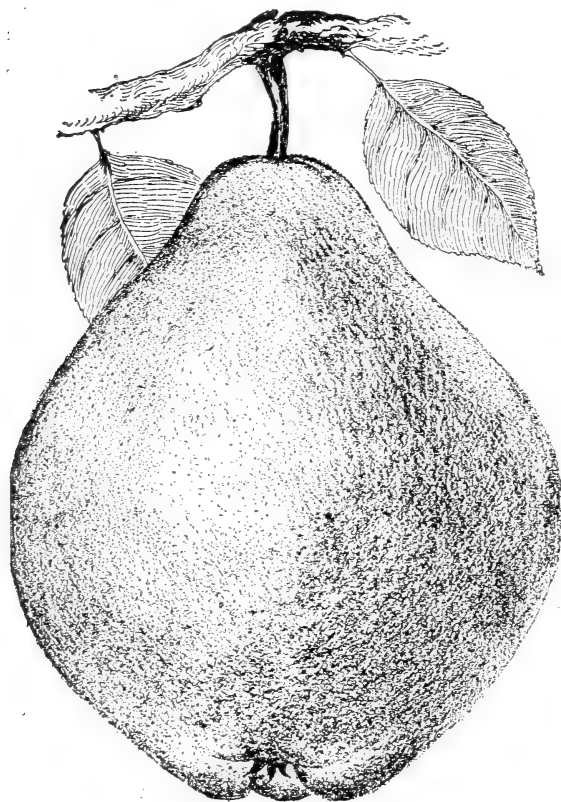
***WILDER.**—Early. Small to medium; pyriform; smooth, pale yellow, with deep red cheek; fine grained, tender, rich subacid; does not rot at the core; a good shipper and bears well.

***DUCHESS D'ANGOULEME.**—Fruit large, of excellent quality. Tree a strong grower and productive; bears young. Does best on quince stock. Flesh is white, buttery and very juicy.

***BEURRE D'ANJOU.**—Large, greenish, sprinkled with russet, shaded with dull crimson; excellent flavor; very productive and should be in every orchard. October and January.

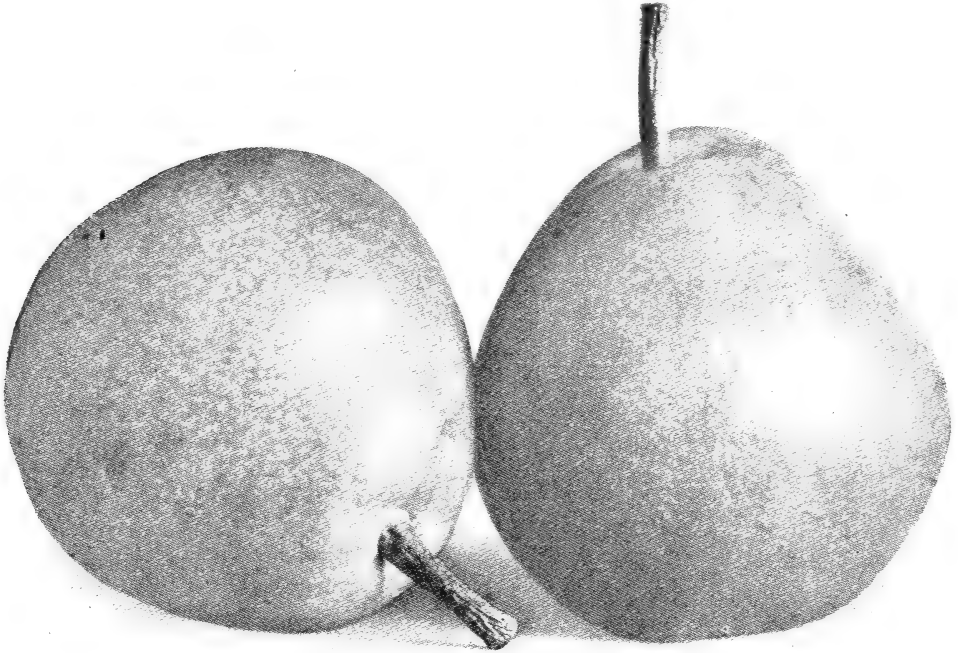
***COLUMBIA.**—A cross between Bartlett and Seckle, combining the best qualities of each. Tree vigorous, hardy and productive. Fruit good size, rich quality, high color, handsome and good. September and October.

GARBER.—One of the Japan Hybrids; earlier and larger than Kieffer; hardy, productive, early bearer; excellent for canning. September and October.



Clapp's Favorite.

***FLEMISH BEAUTY.**—A large, beautiful, melting, sweet pear. Tree very hardy, vigorous and fruitful; succeeds well in most parts of the country. Season, September and October. Needs an open, sunny location on well drained soil for best results. It will produce more bushels than any other kind. The Illinois



Flemish Beauty.

State Horticultural Society recommends the following list: Tyson, Seckel, Kieffer, Flemish Beauty and Howell. You will not miss it if you plant Flemish Beauty. It grows well, keeps well, eats well, cooks well and cans well. Some even claim that it retains such a delicious flavor after being canned as to rival the peach.

***HOWELL.**—Large; light waxen yellow, with a fine red cheek; handsome; rich, sweet, melting; an early and profuse bearer; very hardy and valuable. September and October.

***KIEFFER'S HYBRID.**—Well known for its wonderful vigor and early bearing qualities; fine for canning. Our stock of Kieffer is exceedingly fine. The Kieffer is the greatest money maker of any pear ever grown.

***LOUISE BONNE DE JERSEY.**—This is one of the most desirable for cultivation on the quince stock; large, beautiful, first rate pear; yellow, with dark red cheek; melting, buttery and rich; should be in all collections. September and October.

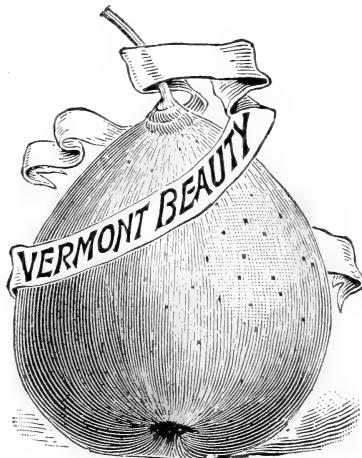
***SECKEL.**—The standard of excellence in the pear. Small, but of highest flavor. Tree a stout, slow, erect grower. Makes a beautiful tree either as a standard or pyramid. Downing pronounces this American pear the richest and most exquisitely flavored variety known. The healthiest and hardiest of all pear trees, bearing regular and abundant crops in clusters at the ends of the branches. September and October.

SHELDON.—Fruit rather large; roundish, yellowish, nearly covered with light russet; shaded with red. Flesh very juicy, melting and delicious. Tree hardy, erect, vigorous and good bearer. Considered one of the best varieties, and when properly ripened (by picking before ripe and placing in a dark room), there is no variety superior to this one. October.

***LAWRENCE.**—An American pear of great excellence. Tree hardy, an early and abundant bearer. Fruit medium size, very regular. Color lemon yellow. Flesh whitish, juicy, melting, sweet and aromatic. Considered one of the very best winter pears. We have several hundred trees of this variety planted in one of our orchards, and expect great returns from them. December to January.

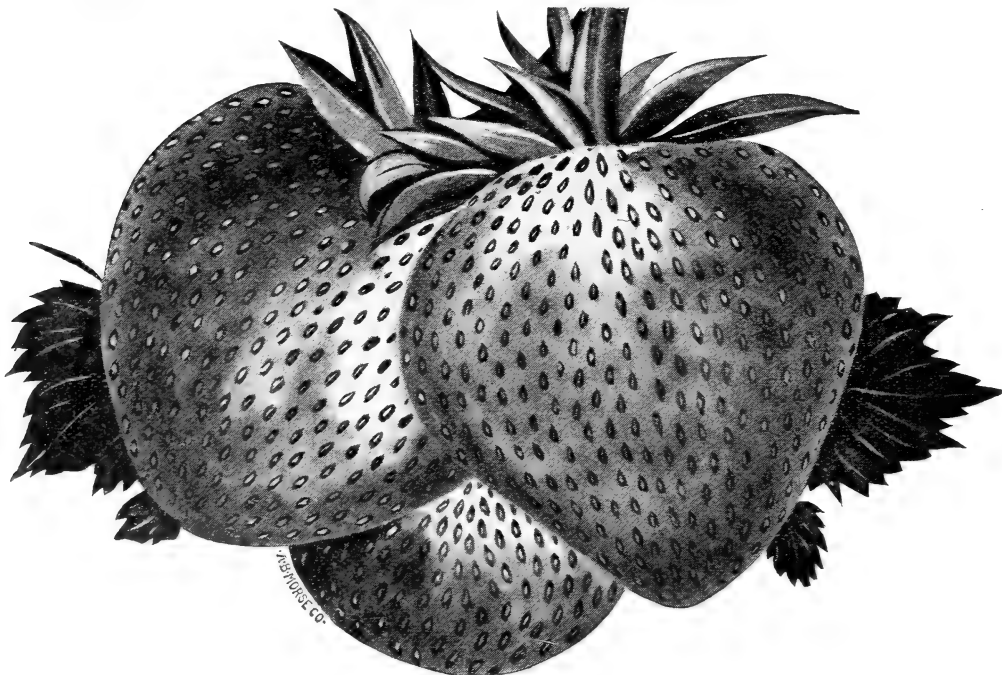
NEWER VARIETIES, 5 cents each extra.

VERMONT BEAUTY.—This beautiful and valuable pear is very hardy, having endured extremely cold weather, and has never lost a bud from either cold or blight. The growth is vigorous, the leaves free from blight, the crops are annual and abundant. In quality the fruit approaches nearer that most delicious of pears, the Seckel, than any other pear on the market; it is full medium size, yellow, covered on the sunny side with bright, carmine red, making it exceedingly attractive and handsome; flesh melting, rich, juicy, aromatic. Ripening with and after Seckle, though much larger in size and more attractive in appearance, it cannot fail to prove a general favorite and very valuable.



***WORDEN-SECKEL.**—A seedling of the Seckel. Equal in quality to its famous parent which it much resembles in flavor, while in size, color, form and appearance it is decidedly superior. In color, when well ripened, it closely resembles Clapp's Favorite. Tree a more upright and rapid grower than Seckel; a hardy and an enormous bearer; fruit keeps well; retaining its quality to the last. October.

***ROSSNEY.**—A chance seedling grown near Salt Lake City, Utah. Ripens about two weeks after Bartlett, averages larger, excellent keeper and shipper, uniform size, shape and color, one of the handsomest; creamy skin with yellow bluish; flesh melting, juicy, sweet and tender, of superior flavor. A vigorous grower, hardy both in wood and fruit bud, and very productive. Combines excellent quality with large size, fine form and superior shipping qualities. Grafts set two years ago gave some remarkably fine specimens of Rossney this season. If it continues to do as well as it has here for the past three years, it is certainly a decided acquisition and will be largely planted.



Sample. (See our strawberry list on page 27.)

PLUMS.

The plum tree like the pear and other finer fruits, attains its greatest perfection on our heavy soil, being entirely free from disease. Plums are hardy and grow vigorously in nearly all sections, succeeding best on heavy soil or in soils in which there is a mixture of clay. There is no difficulty in protecting the crop of plums from the attacks of the curculio, by giving it a little extra care. This should be done as follows: Immediately after the trees have done blossoming, and when the fruit is in its first stages of growth, make the ground clean and smooth under each tree, and spread a sheet upon it, so that it will extend as far as the outer branches and then suddenly jar the tree, so as to shake down all the stung fruits and insects, which should be destroyed. If this operation be carried on daily for a short time, it will insure a full crop of this delicious fruit, and will repay the little daily attention given it. It is very important that this should be done early in the morning.

First Class Trees—2 years old—5 to 6 ft., 40c each; \$4.50 per doz.

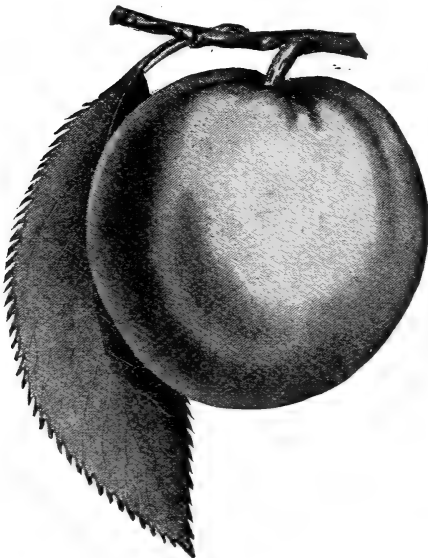
Medium—4 to 5 ft., 30c each; \$3.25 per doz.

European Varieties.

ARCHDUKE.—A large, black and very prolific variety; valuable addition to late varieties for home use or market. Early October.

BRADSHAW.—Fruit very large; dark violet red; flesh yellowish green, juicy and pleasant. Tree vigorous, erect and productive. Middle of August.

GERMAN PRUNE.—A large, long, oval variety, much esteemed for drying; color dark purple; of very agreeable flavor. Tree very productive and hardy. September.



Gueii.

GUEII.—Extensively grown for market, having proved to be one of the most profitable for that purpose. Tree a hardy, very strong, vigorous, upright grower, spreading with age and bearing; an early and very abundant bearer. Fruit large, roundish oval; skin dark purple, covered with a thick, blue bloom; flesh pale yellow, a little coarse, firm, juicy, sweet, sprightly, sub-acid; freestone. Season, last of August and first of September.

GRAND DUKE.—Color of Bradshaw; fruit very large, of fine quality, free from rot; very productive. The best late variety for either home garden or market. October.

LOMBARD.—Medium, round, oval; violet red; juicy, pleasant and good; adheres to the stone. Tree vigorous and productive. Last of August. A valuable market variety; one of the most hardy and popular.

SHROPSHIRE.—Fruit small, oval; skin purple, covered with blue bloom; flesh melting and juicy, rather tart; separates partly from the stone. September.

YELLOW EGG.—Very large, egg-shaped; yellow skin with numerous white dots, yellow flesh, sub-acid, fine for cooking. Last of August.

MONARCH.—One of the most valuable of the late introductions from England. Tree robust, dense foliage, an

abundant bearer. Fruit very large, roundish, oval, dark purplish blue, perfect freestone. Follows Grand Duke in ripening. October.

GREEN GAGE.—Small; green; good bearer; poor shipper; slow grower. Middle of August.

GENERAL HAND.—Very large, oval; golden yellow; juicy, sweet and good; shy bearer. First of September.

Japan Plums.

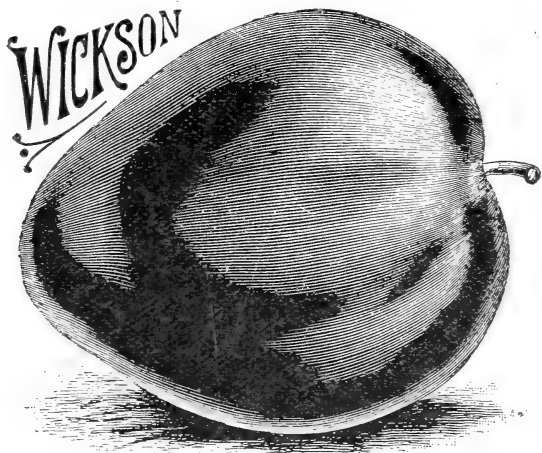
ABUNDANCE (Botan).—Large to very large, oblong, amber, nearly covered with bright red and overspread with a thick bloom, flesh orange yellow, juicy, melting and of delicious sweetness; stone small and flesh readily parts from it. Tree strong grower and an early and profuse bearer. Ripens in advance of other plums. Valuable for canning and market. This variety has attracted much attention throughout the country, and is highly recommended.

BURBANK.—The Burbank plum stands at the head of the celebrated Japanese varieties. It is proving remarkably successful the country over. No other plum ever became so popular in so short a time. This is because it is practically curculio proof, and is very free from black knot. It has been fruited from seven to nine years in this country, and is perfectly hardy (said to stand 30 degrees below zero), ripens in August. It seems to succeed on any soil, sand, clay, or loam. It can be picked green, and will ripen and color up perfectly, and will not lose its flavor. Will keep fully two weeks in perfect condition after ripening. Abundant yearly bearer, fruit large, roundish, dark red or purplish, with thin lilac bloom, flesh amber yellow, melting, juicy, with rich sugary flavor, stone small and free, bears second year after planting.

RED JUNE.—Recommended as "by all odds the best Japanese plum, ripening before Abundance." One of the vigorous, upright growers; productive; fair size, vermilion red; pleasant quality. Ripens after Willard, a week before Abundance. August.

CHABOT.—Medium to large; cherry red, flesh yellow, sweet, of excellent quality; very prolific; one of the best of Japan plums. Early September.

SATSUMA (Blood).—Large, globular, with sharp point. Color, purple and red with blue bloom, flesh firm, juicy, dark red or blood color, fine quality; pit very small. Hardy and vigorous grower. August.



SULTAN (H).—Also known as Occident. A rapid, compact grower, very productive, fruit falls like apples soon as ripe. Fruit large, spherical; dull red with blue bloom; delicious sub-acid, one of the best for cooking; fine keeper and shipper. Will attract attention anywhere by their unusual size and beauty of form and color. Ripens about a week before Burbank.

WICKSON.—Fruit remarkably handsome, very large, long, heart-shaped, color deep maroon red covered with white bloom; flesh firm and meaty, yellow, rich and aromatic; cling; pit small. Tree an upright, vigorous grower. Excellent keeper and shipper. Is being planted largely for market. Early September.

Native Plums.

WOLF.—Fruit nearly as large as Lombard and a perfect freestone. As to quality, we find them superb for cooking, and for serving with sugar as we use peaches. Tree a good grower, hardy, and is becoming very popular wherever known. August.

WILD GOOSE.—An improved variety of the Wild or Chickasaw plum. Fruit of medium size, bright red, very handsome, productive, and valued for cooking and market, as it ripens early; is valuable in localities where the choice plums do not thrive.

WEAVER.—A wild plum of fine size, good flavor, very hardy and productive, and of much value in a severe climate, where choice, cultivated plums do not succeed.

CHERRIES.

One of the most delicious and valuable of our fruits and dear to the hearts of all who remember when they were girls and boys.

First class—2 years old, 40c each; \$4.50 per doz.; \$30.00 per 100.

Medium class—2 years old, 30c each; \$3.25 per doz.; \$25.00 per 100.

Sour Varieties.

EARLY RICHMOND (Early May or Donna Marie).—Medium size, dark red, flesh tender, juicy, rich, somewhat acid. Tree vigorous, profuse bearer, one of the best of its class, unsurpassed for cooking and preserving; the great cherry of the West. Last of May to first of July.

DYEHOUSE.—Introduced from Kentucky. Fruit of medium size, bright red and of excellent quality. First of June.

BALDWIN.—This new cherry comes from Kansas, where it has proved very hardy and productive, producing large cherries of delicious quality. A superior shipping cherry. It is of the English Morello class, a wonderful keeper.

MAY DUKE.—An old, well known, excellent variety, large, dark red, sub-acid, rich. Middle of June.

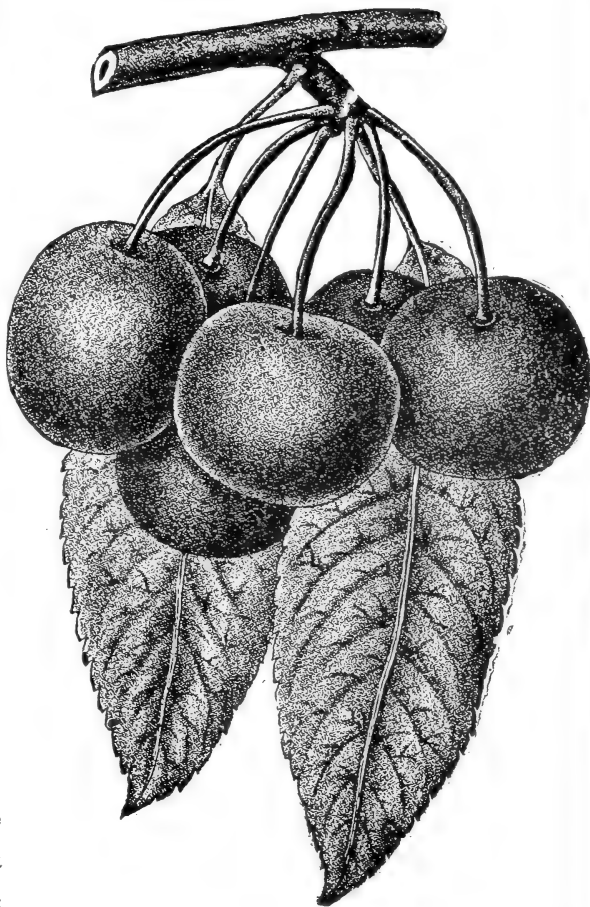
MONTMORENCY.—Large, red, rich, acid. Very hardy and productive. A week or ten days later than early Richmond. A cherry of the Richmond class, but larger and more solid; strong, upright grower. Very valuable.

OSTHEIM.—A hardy variety, imported from Russia. Fruit large, juicy, rich, pleasant flavor, and very good. Tree moderate grower. Middle of July.

LOUIS PHILLIPS.—Large size; tender, juicy, with mild, sub-acid flavor; very vigorous and productive. A native of France. Middle of July.

REINE HORTENSE.—Large, bright red, juicy. July.

EUGENIE (Empress).—Fruit large; dark red; very rich, tender and sub-acid. Tree heads very low. Ripe about July 1st.



Early Richmond.

Heart and Bigarreau Cherries.

BLACK TARTARIAN.—Very large, purplish black, half tender, mild flavor and pleasant. One of the most popular varieties in all parts of the country. Last of June and beginning of July.

GOV. WOOD.—Fruit large, roundish, heart-shaped, light yellow, shaded with bright red, tender, juicy, rich and delicious. Tree vigorous and productive. One of the best sweet cherries, and entitled to a place in every good collection. End of June.

WINDSOR.—New introduced from Canada. Fruit large, liver colored, resembling the Black Heart, but quite distinct; ripens a few days earlier than that variety; flesh remarkably firm and of fine quality. Tree hardy and very prolific.

SCHMIDT'S BIGARREAU.—Large size, rich, deep, glossy black, flesh firm, tender, juicy, rich, fine flavor and of fine quality. Tree good grower and very productive. A new promising late black variety.

YELLOW SPANISH or BIGARREAU.—Large, pale yellow, with a bright, red cheek in the sun; flesh firm, juicy and delicious. End of June.

NAPOLEON.—Very large, pale yellow, bright, red cheek; firm, juicy, sweet. One of the best.

EARLY PURPLE GUINE.—A large, deep purple sort of the Black Tartarian type. Strong grower and good bearer. Very early. Excellent quality.

QUINCES.

Two years old, 3 to 4 ft., 35c each; \$3.75 per doz.

The quince is of late attracting a good deal of attention as a market fruit. Scarcely any fruit will pay better in the orchard. The tree is hardy and compact in growth, requiring but little space; productive, gives regular crops, and comes early into bearing. The fruit is much sought after for canning for winter use. When put up in the proportion of about one quart of quinces to four quarts of other fruit, it imparts a delicious flavor.

It flourishes in any good garden soil, which should be kept mellow and well enriched.

APPLE, or ORANGE.—Large, roundish; bright golden yellow; cooks tender, and is of very excellent flavor. Valuable for preserves or flavoring; very productive; the most popular and extensively cultivated of the old varieties. October.

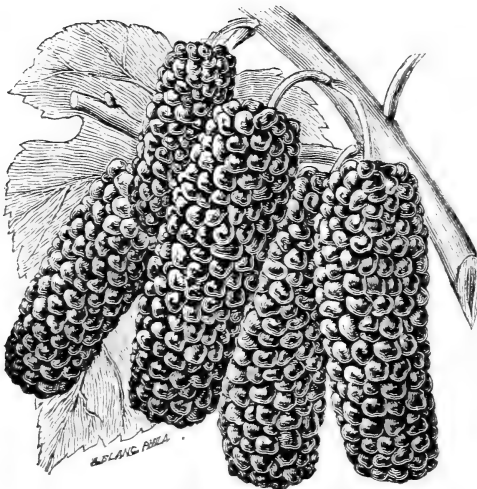
ANGERS.—Somewhat later than the preceding; fruit rather more acid, but cooks well. Tree a thrifty grower and an abundant bearer.

CHAMPION.—Fruit very large, fair and handsome. Tree very handsome, surpassing other varieties in this respect; bears abundantly while young; flesh cooks as tender as an apple, and without hard spots or cores; flavor delicate, imparting an exquisite quince taste and odor to any fruit with which it is cooked. The most valuable of all.

MEECH.—Ripens between the Orange and the Champion. Bears very early usually a full crop at three years; quality fine, and size large; tender in some localities.



MULBERRIES.



Downing's Everbearing.

Fine trees—5 to 6 ft., 40c each; \$4.50 per doz.

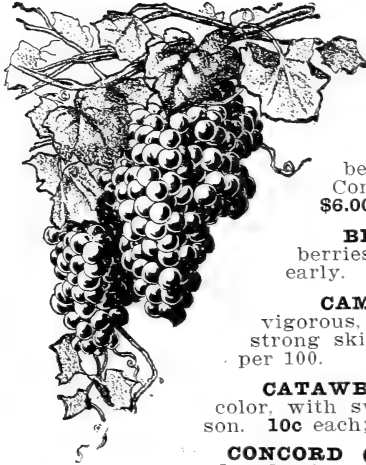
Valuable for shade and ornamental purposes, as well as for the fruit; being rapid in growth, and very productive. The everbearing sorts fruit for three months.

DOWNING'S EVERBEARING.—Very large, black, handsome, sweet, rich and excellent.

NEW AMERICAN.—Equal to Downing's in all respects and a much hardier tree. Vigorous grower; very productive; the best variety for fruits; ripe from middle June to middle September.

RUSSIAN.—Very hardy, vigorous grower; valuable for feeding silk worms, etc.. Fruit of small size, varies in color from white to black. Largely planted for hedges, wind breaks, etc., in Western states.

GRAPES.



For successful grape culture, select soil naturally dry, or well drained either gravelly, sandy or clayish, open to a free circulation of air. A vineyard in a well selected spot, well planted is good for a hundred years with proper care.

AGAWAM.—Red, loose shouldered bunch, large berries, juicy, rich peculiar flavor. Ripens with Concord. Good keeper. 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$6.00 per 100.

BRIGHTON (Red).—Bunch large, well formed, berries medium to large, round, of excellent flavor; early. 15c each; \$1.25 per doz.; \$7.00 per 100.

CAMPBELL'S EARLY (Black).—Very early, strong, vigorous, mildew proof; large, compact clusters, thin, strong skin, fine flavor. 20c each; \$2.00 per doz.; \$12.00 per 100.

CATAWBA (Red).—Berries large, round; dark copper color, with sweet, rich, musky flavor. Requires a long season. 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$6.00 per 100.

CONCORD (Black).—Early. The most popular grape ever produced. Large, shouldered bunches, compact, berries large, covered with rich bloom, tender thin skin, juicy, sweet, tender. Strong grower and very productive. The great market grape. 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$5.00 per 100.

CHAMPION (Black).—Medium to large bunch. Better than Hartford; thick skin, sweet and juicy, foxy flavor. Hardy and healthy. Desirable for early market. 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$6.00 per 100.

DELAWARE (Red).—Bunch and berry full medium size, usually shouldered, compact and heavy; skin thin, but tenacious; pulp tender and melting; juice abundant; sprightly and refreshing. 15c each; \$1.50 per doz.; \$6.50 per 100.

MOORE'S DIAMOND (White).—Destined to become very popular, equal in size to Concord, color greenish white with a rich yellow tinge. Tender, juicy, nearly transparent. Vigorous, hardy, productive. Two weeks before Concord. 15c each; \$1.25 per doz.; \$6.50 per 100.

GREEN MOUNTAIN (White).—Bunch medium to large, shouldered, greenish white, thin, tough skin, sweet, tender pulp with few seeds, excellent quality, very early. 25c each; \$2.50 per doz.; \$20.00 per 100.

IVES SEEDLING (Black).—Long bunch, medium to large, medium size berries, thick, tough skin, flesh sweet, pulpy, somewhat foxy. Colors before fully ripe. Highly esteemed for red wine. 10c each; \$1.50 per doz.; \$5.00 per 100.

MARTHA (White).—Medium size bunch and berry. Greenish white, juicy, sweet, rich, hardy, productive. 15c each; \$1.50 per doz.; \$6.50 per 100.

MOORE'S EARLY (Black).—Handsome; very early; resembling Concord with smaller clusters, but well packed and larger berries, ripening about ten days earlier. 15c each; \$1.50 per doz.; \$7.00 per 100.

MC PIKE (Black).—This is a medal winner, having taken first prize in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri State Fairs. A seedling of Worden. A leading characteristic is its immense size of berry and general excellence. 35c each; \$3.50 per doz.

NIAGARA (White).—Vigorous grower, large, handsome shouldered bunch very productive when not exposed to the severe cold of the extreme north. Good flavor. Ripens about the same time as Concord. 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$6.50 per 100.

POCKLINGTON (Pale Green).—Usually with tinge of golden yellow, large very compact bunch, very large berries, covered with beautiful white bloom, juicy and sweet; large, healthy foliage. A seedling of Concord and follows it in ripening. A heavy cropper of fine attractive fruit of best quality. 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$6.50 per 100.

SALEM (Red, Rogers No. 22).—Bunch and berry large, of a light chestnut color, flavor sweet and sprightly. As early as Hartford Prolific. 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$7.00 per 100.

VERGENNES (Red).—Strong, hardy, productive, medium bunch, large berries, thick, tough skin, late keeper. Inclines to overbear. 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$7.00 per 100.



Concord.

WORDEN (Black)—An improved Concord, being larger in both bunch and berry, handsomer, nearly two weeks earlier and of better quality. As it is difficult to grow, many vines of Concord are sold for it. 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$6.50 per 100.

WYOMING (Red).—A very early red grape; small, compact, handsome bunch, medium size berry, thick bright red, tough skin, sweet, agreeable flavor. Vine a strong hardy, healthy grower. Chief points are health and earliness. 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$7.00 per 100.

CURRANTS.

Plants 2 years old, well rooted.

Ripe just before raspberries are gone, and continue in prime order for several weeks. There is no more useful fruit that the currant, and it is among the easiest to cultivate.

BLACK CHAMPION.—Very productive, large bunch and berry; excellent quality; strong grower. The leading, well-tested black sort. 15c each; \$1.50 per doz.

NORTH STAR.—The average length of bunches is 4 inches. Very sweet and rich in quality, firm and a good market berry, desirable as a dessert fruit, and unequalled for jelly. The length and abundance of the clusters make it possible to pick 25 per cent. more fruit in the same length of time from this than from other sorts. 15c each; \$1.50 per doz.

FAY'S PROLIFIC.—Healthy, vigorous, and very productive. Bunches are from 3 to 5½ inches in length, so that they can easily be picked. It is somewhat larger than Cherry and twice as productive. 15c each, \$1.50 per doz.

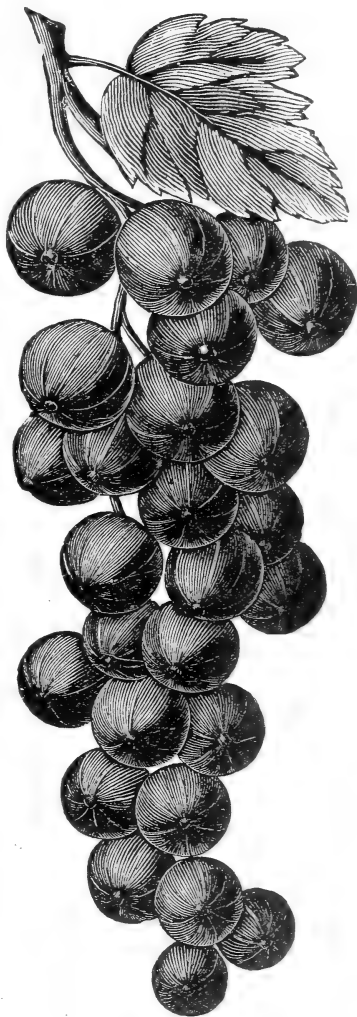
POMONA.—This is one of the most profitable currants for the market. While not the largest in size, it outyields all other varieties. A beautiful bright red, very attractive; sweeter than most varieties; larger than Red Dutch or Victoria, is a vigorous grower, and is sure to become popular. 15c each; \$1.50 per doz.

CHERRY.—Very large, red; bunch long, of great beauty and excellent quality. One of the best for general planting. 15c each; \$1.50 per doz.

VERSAILLES.—Similar to the Cherry; the best and most popular variety; the largest of all except Fay's. Berries large, of bright red-crimson; the bushes are very hardy and productive. 15c each; \$1.50 per doz.

WHITE GRAPE.—The only white currant that is really of any account; very large and productive; valuable for home and market use; of excellent quality. 20c each; \$2.00 per doz.

VICTORIA.—Large, bright red; bunches extremely long, berries medium size, of excellent quality. Good erect grower, very productive. Ripens late. 15c each; \$1.50 per doz.



North Star.

PERSIMMONS.

FINE—6 to 8 ft., 50c each.

AMERICAN.—A pretty, small tree with glossy foliage; perfectly hardy as far north as central Ohio. The fruit, after frost, is delicious and much liked.

JUNEBERRY.

IMPROVED DWARF.—Tree, blossom and fruit all very ornamental and desirable. Fruit very delicious, either fresh or cooked. Very hardy: 25c each.

GOOSEBERRIES.

This splendid fruit has for years been a favorite in Europe, where it has attained a high state of perfection. In the last few years American growers have been giving it the attention it deserves, with favorable results.

Our plants are **No. 1 stock, 2 years old.**



Downing.

COLUMBUS.—Fruit of largest size, oval, handsome greenish yellow, finest quality. Plant a strong, robust grower, so far free from mildew; foliage large and glossy. **25c** each; **\$2.50** per doz.

DOWNING.—A very popular gooseberry; large, pale green, of good quality; bush vigorous, and prolific. **15c** each; **\$1.50** per doz.

HOUGHTON.—The old well-known sort; pale red, sweet and good. Gives annual crops of good sized fruit; is enormously productive, does not mildew, and is in every way worthy of a place. **15c** each; **\$1.50** per doz.

INDUSTRY.—Berries of largest size, excellent flavor; pleasant and rich; dark red color when fully ripe. The best known and most successful English sort. **25c** each; **\$2.50** per doz.

SMITH.—Large, pale greenish yellow, skin thin, of excellent quality, being unsurpassed by any other variety for table use or cooking; bush moderately vigorous and excessively productive. **20c** each; **\$2.00** per doz.

RED JACKET.—A new red berry, as large as the largest; smooth, very prolific and hardy, quality and foliage the best. For nine years it has been tested by the side of the best American and English sorts, and is the only one absolutely free from mildew either in leaf or fruit. Promises to be the variety we have so long been waiting for, equal to the

best English kinds, and capable of producing large crops under ordinary cultivation, wherever gooseberries can be grown. **25c** each; **\$2.50** per doz.



RASPBERRIES.

Will do well on any soil that will produce a good crop of corn. Land should be thoroughly prepared and well enriched; ground bone is one of the best fertilizers. Keep well cultivated and free from weeds and suckers. As soon as they have done bearing, cut out the old wood to give more vigor to the young canes. Plant in rows five feet apart, three feet apart in rows.

Black Caps.

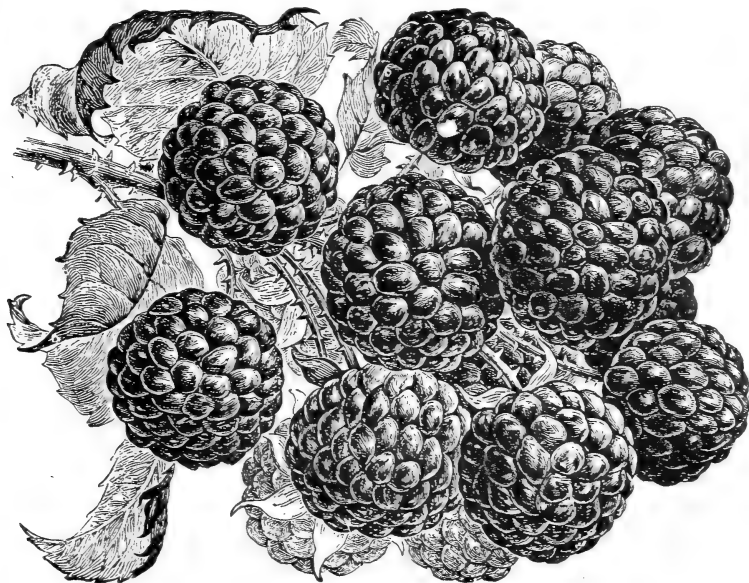
GREGG.—Of great size, fine quality, very productive; has been a standby and very popular for years; several days later than Older or Kansas. No one can afford to be without it. **\$1.00** per 100; **\$7.00** per 1,000.

CONRATH.—At present this holds the place for best midseason black cap. It is of iron-clad hardiness. Berries large, shiny black and always good sellers. Enormously productive and a good shipper. **\$1.50** per 100; **\$12.00** per 1,000.

PALMER.—A new early black cap of extreme hardiness. Fruit of large size and excellent quality. **\$1.00** per 100; **\$7.00** per 1,000.

EUREKA.—Ripens nearly with Palmer; fruit firm, of large size, equaling Gregg; superior quality; free from bloom, making it very attractive in fruit box; brings the highest market price. Strong grower, very hardy, healthy foliage, and in some localities stands at the head for productiveness. Produced an unusually fine crop this past season. **50c** per doz.; **\$1.50** per 100; **\$12.00** per 1,000.

KANSAS.—A large, early berry, is very large and fine. Many experiment stations have placed it at the head of the list. A very strong grower; withstands drouth splendidly and is enormously productive. \$1.50 per 100; \$8.00 per 1,000.



Kansas.

CUMBERLAND.—This new berry is a very valuable acquisition. Its hardiness has been proven and will thrive anywhere that blackcaps can be grown. The quality is very similar and fully equal to Gregg. In spite of its unusual large size, the fruit is possessed of great firmness and is thus well adapted for standing long shipments. It follows Palmer and Souhegan and precedes Gregg a short time, making it a midseason variety. The bush is exceedingly healthy and vigorous, throwing up stout canes, well adapted for supporting their loads of large fruit. \$2.00 per 100; \$17.00 per 1,000.

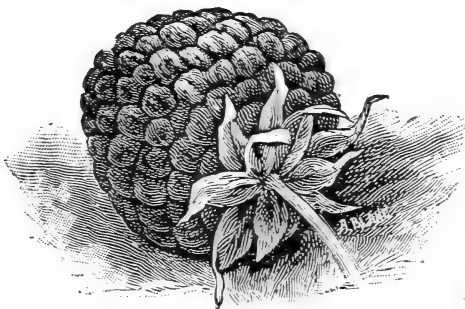
Red and Purple Varieties.

CUTHBERT.—Very large; red; handsome; quality good. Ripens a little late, and continues a long time in fruit. Strong grower, hardy and productive. Good market berry. One of the best of the red-fruited varieties. 1.50 per doz.; \$8.00 per 1,000.

GOLDEN QUEEN.—Beautiful, bright golden yellow berries of large size and finest quality. The most popular and best yellow raspberry yet introduced. A very desirable variety for the family garden. Like Cuthbert, it has strong, hardy canes with large, healthy foliage. It is one of the greatest bearers we ever saw. \$1.50 per doz.; \$12.00 per 1,000.

LOUDON (New).—From Wisconsin. Plants hardier and more vigorous than Cuthbert; begins to ripen with the Cuthbert, and continues longer. Berries larger, firmer and of brighter color; clings to the stem and never crumbles. A fine shipper and good market berry; very productive and of fine quality. This berry is doing exceeding well with us. The fruit is of a beautiful bright color, a good shipper and will yield 200 bushels per acre. Very hardy; the canes have not been known to suffer in the severest winter; has few thorns; berries cling to the stem and do not crumble when picked. Season late. \$2.00 per doz.; \$15.00 per 1,000.

MALBORO.—Large size; light crimson color; good quality and firm. Vigorous and productive. The best large early berry for the North. \$1.50 per doz.; \$12.00 per 1,000.

**Haymaker.**

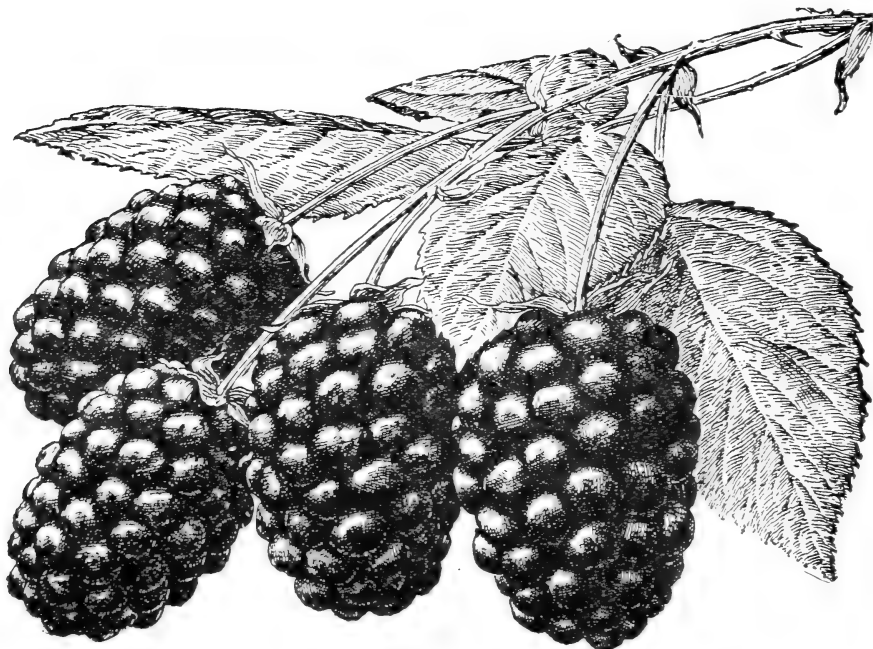
dwarfish. It is well calculated to hold up the immense crops of fruit with which it loads itself. The introducer claims. "Extreme hardiness, as productive as any; one of the earliest to ripen; an excellent shipper; of good quality and attractive color. \$1.00 per doz.; \$6.00 per 100.

HAYMAKER.— "The Haymaker is a purple cap, not so dark as Columbia or Shaffer, and much larger and firmer than either of those varieties, never crumbles, and stands up well for shipping. Sample crates have been shipped to distant points with entire satisfaction. It is a berry to grow for either home use or market. The originator has found it the **most profitable berry** ever raised for market, and has never yet been able to supply the local demand. So much of a favorite has the Haymaker become that local growers have said that it ruined the sale of other varieties. \$2.00 per 100.

MILLER RED RASPBERRY.— The bush is a stout, healthy, vigorous grower, not quite so tall as the Cuthbert, rather more stocky and

DEWBERRIES.

Plant in rows six feet apart with plants three feet distant in the row. Keep the soil mellow and clean.



LUCRETIA.—The best variety. Large, jet black, melting, delicious. Earlier than Early Harvest blackberry and larger than Erie. \$1.50 per 100; \$10.00 per 1,000.

BLACKBERRIES.

ANCIENT BRITON.—One of the best of hardy varieties; in Wisconsin and other Northern states is superseding all other kinds; without booming, has worked its way on its own merits to the highest place as a profitable and valuable market sort. Very vigorous, healthy and hardy, producing large fruit stems loaded with good sized berries of fine quality, which ship well and fetch the highest price in market. For general planting for home or market in all sections subject to severe winters, the Ancient Briton is recommended as a first class variety. \$1.50 per 100; \$12.00 per 1,000.



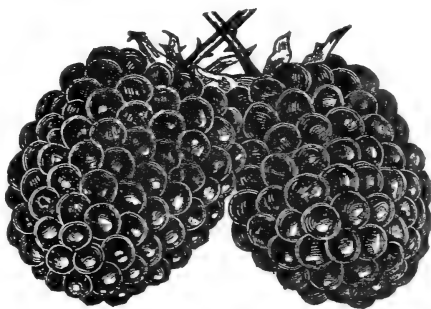
Eldorado.

ELDORADO.—Is as hardy as Snyder, is a larger berry and of best quality. Has been cultivated 12 years and never winter killed. H. E. VanDeman, National Pomologist, says: "Never have I tasted anything equal to Eldorado." I have fruited it and find it hardy and fine. We bought our first stock of the originator. Our Eldorado field this year was a sight to see; fruit good size, firm and heavily loaded. Best shipper next to Wilson, very profitable. Extra fine. 75c per doz.; \$2.00 per 100; \$15.00 per 1,000.

WILSON'S EARLY.—One of the largest and most productive of the early sorts, produces fruit in large clusters, sweet as soon as black, holds its color well after picking, needs protection at North. It is the best shipper there is. Very profitable. 50c per doz.; \$1.50 per 100; \$10.00 per 1,000.

ERIE.—Resembles Lawton in form and productiveness, but ripens earlier and is "iron-clad," fruit shiny, jet black, delicious flavor. **Erie is one of the most profitable of blackberries.** Extra fine suckers. \$1.50 per 100; 12.00 per 1,000.

SNYDER.—Very popular for the North and Northwest on account of its extreme hardiness; wonderfully productive, size medium, fruit juicy and sweet, without the hard core of many sorts, canes remarkably strong and thrifty, more largely planted than any other of the iron-clad varieties. We have a heavy demand for them every year; season early. \$1.50 per 100; \$10.00 per 1,000.



Wilson's Early.

OHMER.—The latest berry on the list and one of the best. Berries are extra large for its season and should be planted largely. Extreme late berries always sell at a high figure. \$1.50 per 100; \$12.00 per 1,000.

KITTATINNY.—Unexcelled for main crop. Berries large, handsome, delicious flavor, canes strong, erect and very productive; season medium. Is liable to rust on low land. It is a heavy yielder of large, nice, handsome fruit. \$1.50 per 100; \$12.00 per 1,000.

TAYLOR'S PROLIFIC.—Nearly hardy as Snyder, with berries larger and of fine quality, sweet and juicy, canes of strong growth, of special value for planting at the North, suited on low, moist ground; canes of greenish yellow. A valuable home use or canning berry. \$1.50 per 100; \$12.00 per 1,000.

EARLY HARVEST.—One of the earliest blackberries in cultivation, a compact dwarf grower, fruit rather small and of good quality, heavy bearer. Its extreme earliness makes it a profitable variety; not hardy, heavy bearer. Its down. Blossoms stand the spring freeze the best of all. \$1.00 per 100; \$8.00 per 1,000.

RATHBUN.—A strong, erect grower with strong stem branching freely; will root from tip of branches like a raspberry. Hardy, having endured 20 degrees below zero and produced a good crop. Forms a neat compact bush four to five feet high, producing its immense fruit abundantly. Fruit is sweet and luscious without hard core; of extra high flavor, jet black, small seeds; firm enough to ship and handle well. Very large size, resembling the Wilson and fully equal to that grand variety, with the additional hardiness. \$2.50 per 100; \$20.00 per 1,000.



GARDEN ROOTS.

ASPARAGUS.

Two year old—25c per doz.; 75c per 100; \$5.00 per 1,000.

Conover's Colossal, Palmetto, Columbian, White and Giant.

RHUBARB, or PIE PLANT.

10c each; \$1.00 per doz.

HORSE RADISH—Sets.

25c per doz.; 75c per 100.

SAGE.

10c each; \$1.00 per doz.

HOP VINE.

10c each; \$1.00 per doz.



NUT BEARING TREES.

First class trees—50c each; special prices on small size trees or on large orders.

ALMONDS (Soft or Papershell).—This is more desirable than the hardshell, wherever it will succeed, but is not quite as hardy. Kernel large, sweet and rich.

BUTTERNUT, or WHITE WALNUT.—A fine native tree, producing a large, longish nut, which is prized for its sweet, oily, nutritious kernel.

CHESTNUT (American Sweet).—A valuable native tree, both useful and ornamental; timber is very durable and possesses a fine grain for oil finish. Nuts sweet, of delicate flavor, and are a valuable article of commerce. No farm should be without its grove of nut trees, and the chestnut should be foremost wherever the soil is adapted to its growth.

FILBERT, ENGLISH.—This is of easiest culture, growing 6 to 8 feet high, entirely hardy, and one of the most profitable and satisfactory nuts to grow, succeeding on almost any soils; bearing early.

PECAN.—This is a native nut belonging to the (*Carya*) hickorynut family. The tree is of tall growth and bears abundantly; not entirely hardy in the North, but is South. Should be planted wherever it will succeed. The shell is very thin, the kernel sweet and delicious.

ENGLISH WALNUT, or MADARIA NUT.—A fine lofty-growing tree, with a handsome, spreading head. It is scarcely hardy enough for Northern states, but further south it is a profitable tree to plant, as it produces large crops of excellent nuts. The fruit in a green state is very highly esteemed for pickling, and the large quantities of ripe nuts that are annually imported and sold here prove the estimation in which they are held for the table.

JAPAN WALNUT.—A native of the mountains of Japan. Extremely hardy and vigorous grower. Of symmetrical and beautiful form. Three-year-old trees have produced nuts. Wonderfully productive. Nuts produced in clusters. Shell thicker than that of the English Walnut, but not as thick as that of the Black Walnut. Meat is sweet and of the best quality. When known it is destined to become a valuable nut for market. The trees having an abundance of fibrous roots, transplant readily.



WEeping TREES.

MULBERRY (Teas' Weeping Russian).—A weeping variety of the now well-known Russian mulberry; perfectly hardy in summer and winter; withstands extreme heat and cold, and grows naturally in a very graceful form. 50c each.

WILLOW (Kilmarnock Weeping).—An exceedingly graceful tree, with large, glossy leaves; very hardy. \$1.00 each.

Ornamental Shrubs.

ALTHEAS, or ROSE OF SHARON.—Assorted, named, colors and variegated leaved. 25c each.

CALYCANTHUS (Carolina Allspice).—25c each.

DEUTZIA.—All varieties. 25c each.

PURPLE FRINGE, or SMOKE TREE.—25c each.

HYDRANGEA.—Hardy; blooms July to November. 25c each.

HONEYSUCKLE.—Red and white. 25c each.

LILACS.—Purple and white. 25c each.

SNOWBALL.—25c each.

SPIREA.—Great variety of foliage. 25c each.

SYRINGA (Mock Orange).—25c each.

WEIGELIA.—Large foliage, abundant pink flowers. 25c each.

WISTARIA.—Beautiful climbing plant of rapid growth. 25c each.

Evergreens.

ARBORVITAE, GOLDEN.—

One of the finest evergreens for screens and hedges; 3 to 4 feet. 50c each. Other varieties and evergreens same price.

BALSAM FIR.—Regular, symmetrical tree, very handsome. 50c each for this and other firs.

HEMLOCK SPRUCE.—An elegant pyramidal tree with drooping branches and dark foliage. 3 to 4 feet; 50c each.

IRISH JUNIPER.—A very erect tapering tree. A favorite for lawns and cemeteries. 3 to 4 feet; 50c each.

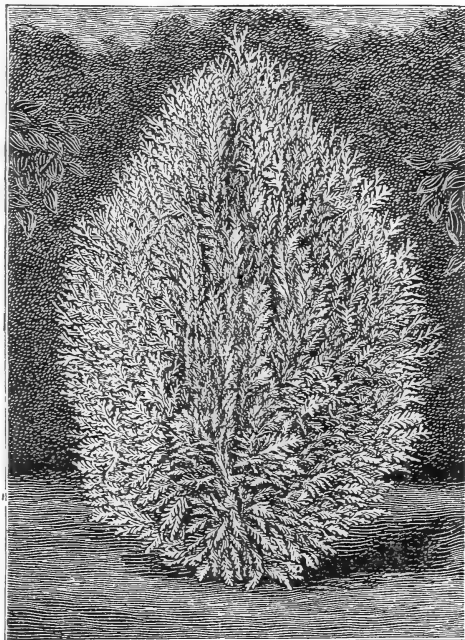
PINES of all kinds. Strong, hardy growers. Variety of forms. 25c each.

Our large descriptive catalogue of 80 pages will be mailed on receipt of 15 cents in stamps, on Fruit and Ornamentals, Climbing Vines, Shrubs, etc.

Address always,

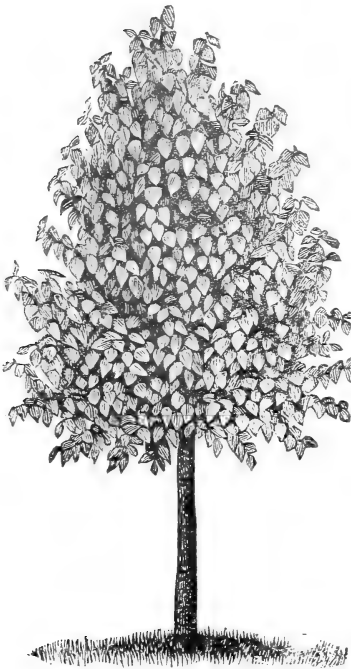
Ernsts Nurseries,

Moscow, Ohio.



Honey's Golden Arborvitae.

Shade or Ornamental Tress.



Carollna Poplar.

CAROLINA POPLAR.—One of the most rapid growing and desirable shade trees for street planting. It is especially desirable for planting in large cities, as it will withstand more hardship than any other tree we know of. The leaves are large, deep green, glossy and handsome. 10 to 12 ft., 50c each.

MAPLE (Silver).—A hardy, rapid growing native tree of large size. Valuable for producing a quick shade. Excellent for street planting. 10 to 12 feet, 50c each.

ASH (European).—The common, well-known sort, one of the finest lawn and arbor trees, covering a great space and growing rapidly. 8 to 10 feet; 50c each.

BIRCH (Common White).—A well-known variety, with silvery white bark, smooth leaves and pliant branches. 6 to 8 feet, 75c each.

BEECH (Purple Leaved).—Very dark purple foliage, highly ornamental, and when placed on lawns with evergreens and other trees it has a most happy effect. 4 to 6 feet, \$1.00 each.

CATALPA SPECIOSA.—A hardy variety originated in the West, and is very valuable and popular. 10 to 12 feet, 50c each.

ELM (American White).—A magnificent stately tree, with wide spreading head and drooping branches. The most popular shade tree in America. 6 to 8 feet, 50c each.

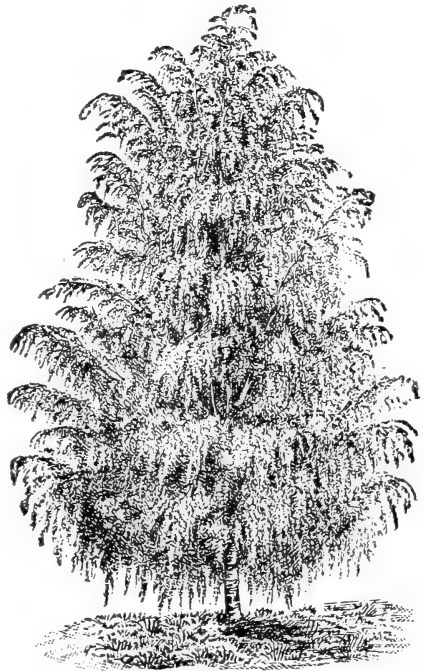
MAGNOLIA (Soulangeana).—A conspicuous and charming tree for the lawn; its numerous large, showy flowers, appearing in early spring in advance of the foliage, give it a very unique appearance. Flowers are large, white, with a purple base, and produced in great abundance. Hardy and one of the best of this class. 4 to 6 feet, 50c each.

ASH (European Mountain).—A fine, hardy tree; head dense and regular. Covered from July until winter with clusters of bright red berries. 8 to 10 feet, 75c each.

OAK (English).—One of our most stately and picturesque trees. Will thrive on almost any soil. The timber is the most valuable of any temperate zone tree. 4 to 6 feet, 50c each.

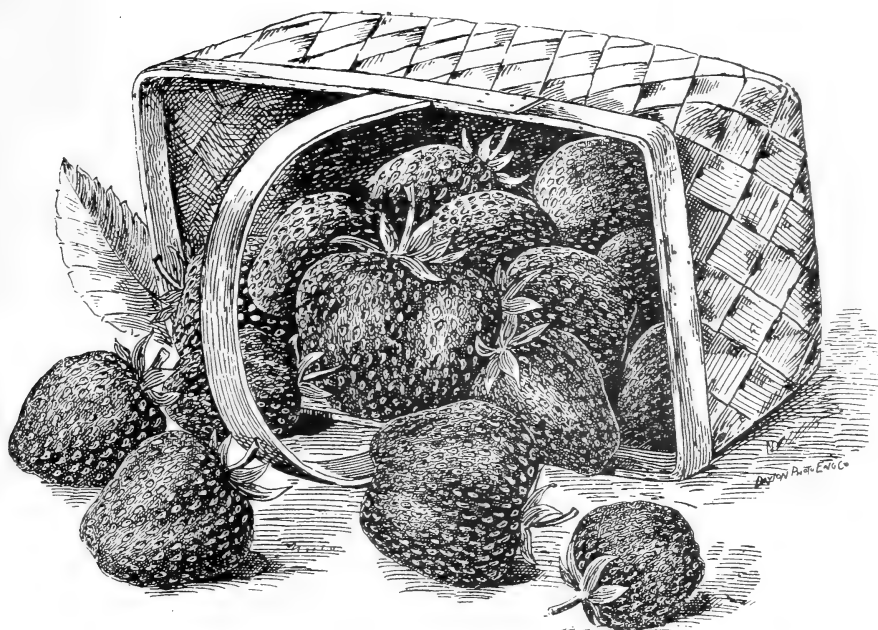
HORSE-CHESTNUT (Double White Flowering).—A superb variety, with large double flowers. 6 to 8 feet, 50c each.

LINDEN (European).—A pyramidal tree, with large leaves and fragrant flowers. 8 to 10 feet, 50c each.



White Birch.

STRAWBERRIES.



SENATOR DUNLAP.

Our strawberry plants are all young, strong and well rooted, the best varieties grown especially for plants. Some may offer them cheaper, but not the best. The best are the cheapest—that's the kind we offer. Strawberry plants should be sent by express.

Varieties marked **P** are **staminate** and good fertilizers; those marked **Imp** are **pistillate** and must be fertilized for good results.

Write for discount, if 10,000 or more are wanted.

	Per 100	Per 1,000		Per 100	Per 1,000
Aroma, Per.....	\$0.50	\$3.00	Kansas, Imp	\$0.50	\$2.75
Burbank, Imp .....	.50	3.00	Lovetts, Per .....	.40	2.50
Bismarck, Per .....	.50	3.00	Marshall, Per .....	.50	3.00
Beder Wood, Per.....	.50	2.75	Mitchel's Early, Per.....	.50	2.50
Clyde, Per .....	.50	3.00	Nic Ohmer, Per.....	.50	3.00
Crescent, Imp .....	.50	2.50	Rough Rder, Per.....	.50	3.00
Excelsior, Per .....	.50	3.00	Star, Per .....	.50	3.00
Gandy, Per .....	.50	3.00	Sharpless, Per .....	.50	3.00
Glen Mary, Per.....	.50	3.00	Sample, Imp .....	.50	3.00
Haverland, Imp .....	.50	3.00	Warfield, Imp .....	.50	2.50
Johnson's Early, Per.....	.50	2.75	Wm. Belt, Per.....	.50	3.00
Jessie, Per.....	.50	3.00	Victor Walker, Per.....	1.00	5.00

VICTOR WALKER is one of the best we have seen; largest berries and strongest plant; very strong grower and a great yielder. Is grown by our largest growers for the Cincinnati market and claimed to be best of all. A fine berry. Do not fail to give it a trial. It will surprise you. A money maker. Our stock of this variety is limited. Order at once and be sure of getting some of this grand variety.



ROSES.

Extra large and strong, well rooted plants.
Two years old, 50c each; \$2.50 for 6.

Don't forget to send us a club order and earn some extra. You can do it. Try and see how easy it is.

AMERICAN BEAUTY.—The most famous rose ever grown.

ALFRED COLUMB.—A grand rose in every way.

BARONESS ROTHSCHILD.—An exquisite shade of satiny pink.

COQUETTE DES ALPS.—White, tinged with blush.

COQUETTE DES BLANCHES.—One of the best white roses.

FISHER HOLMES.—Finely shaped flowers, dark velvety crimson.

GEN. JAQUEMINOT.—Brilliant crimson. The most popular rose.

JOHN HOPPER.—Large bright rose of highest order. Carmine center.

LA FRANCE.—Peach blossom finish; the model rose.

LOUIS VAN HOUTTE.—Bright rose carmine, large, fine.

MARSHALL P. WILDER.—Cherry carmine, long late bloomer. Considered one of the very finest.

MRS. JOHN LAING.—Rich, satiny pink; constant bloomer.

PRINCE CAMILLA DE ROHAN.—Dark crimson maroon.

PAUL NEYRON.—Lovely dark pink, very large.

PERSIAN YELLOW.—Fine yellow, sweet scented rose.

PERPETUAL WHITE MOSS ROSE.—Pure white, exquisitely handsome.

Climbing Roses.

EMPRESS OF CHINA.—New climbing rose of great merit. Soft, dark red buds, pink flowers, waxy and fragrant.

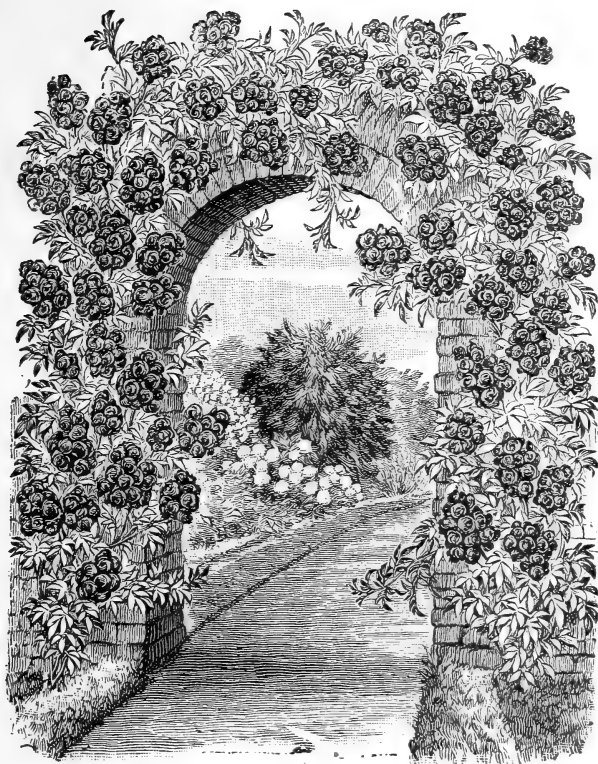
BALTIMORE BELLE.—Pale blush Rambler, hardy.

CRIMSON RAMBLER.—Climbing rose bearing magnificent clusters of rich crimson roses, each cluster a bouquet by itself. Plant grows from ten to twenty feet per year.

YELLOW RAMBLER.—A double yellow climbing rose, perfectly hardy, very desirable.

WHITE RAMBLER.—Closely related to the Crimson Rambler. Continues long in bloom.

Everblooming Roses.



Crimson Rambler.

(See page 28.)

We can also furnish the following in small everblooming hot house roses that will bloom from May till frost kills them in the fall. Your choice, two plants, by mail, 25c. \$1.00 per doz.

Make up your order and send it in. Do not be without the Queen of Flowers this summer at so small a cost. We have all colors; you can order by their names or colors. If not familiar with the names, we will fit you out.

ALLIANCE - FRANCO-RUSS.—New, golden yellow. None better.

BESSIE BROWN.—Pure white, fine.

BEAUTE INCONSTANTE.—Deep Coppery yellow and apricot; delightful, fragrant.

CATHERINE MERMET.—Very beautiful in bud.

CHRISTINE DE NOUE.—Rich maroon, or deep purplish red.

GRUSS AU TEPLITZ.—Brightest scarlet, shading to deep rich velvety crimson; very fragrant.

COMTESSE RIZA DU PARC.—Coppery rose, tinged and shaded with soft blush; has many admirers.

COUNTESS EVA STARKEMBERG.—Tea creamy yellow, shading to ochre at the center; of great beauty.

DUCHESS DE BRABANT.—Exquisite perfume, beautiful coloring, matchless for flowers and foliage.

DR. GRILL.—Color, a coppery yellow; of the finest type. Very beautiful.

ENCHANTRESS.—Creamy white, slightly tinted with buff in center; free bloomer.

HELEN GOULD.—Color a warm rosy crimson, like color of a ripe red watermelon. One of the best winter bloomers.

PINK LA FRANCE.—No variety can surpass this pink rose. Regarded as one of the most beautiful of roses.

LA PRINCESS VERA.—Rich ivory white, shaded and veined with yellow; truly a grand rose.

LADY DOROTHEA.—The great improved sunset; a lovely pink with tawny buff; a valuable variety.

LADY MARY CORY.—An exquisite decorated tea rose. Deep golden yellow; large flowers.

MADAME COCHET.—No finer rose than this; a vigorous grower, beautiful foliage. Its large buds and long stems makes it one of the grandest roses we have. Color, deep rosy pink.

MADAME CAROLINE TESTOUT.—A close relation of La France, but deeper and more brilliant in color and a larger flower.

MADAME WELCHE.—Beautiful shade of amber yellow; none better for open grounds.

MARIE VAN HOUTTE.—Pale yellow, good grower, fragrant and free bloom.

SAFRANO.—A bright apricot yellow, changing to orange fawn; much esteemed.

SILVER KING.—This new rose is a beauty indeed, of large sized cup-shaped, delicate pink.

SUNRISE.—The open rose. Is large, perfectly double and of grand form; foliage glossy and thick, scarlet, turning to dark red.

THE QUEEN.—Pure snow white, finely formed buds and of good substance; good for out door planting.

WHITE MAMAN COCHET.—The charming new white rose; exceeding strong and upright grower. Large and beautiful.

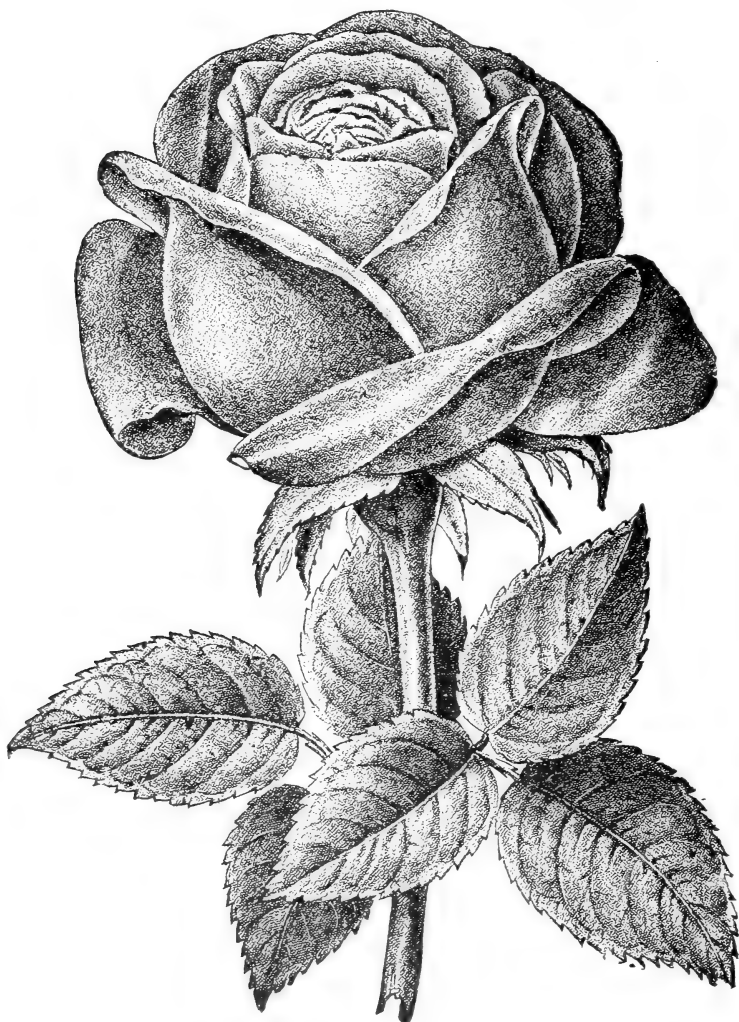
These plants can be sent by mail or with other stock by express. Every one receiving this catalogue certainly needs something. Let us have your order, if it be only for \$1.00 or \$100.00. You will find our prices lower than any other and stock good as can be grown. Send in your order early, so we can get your shipments off early. Always write your full name, postoffice, county and state, no matter how often you write us. Use order blank in making out your order, fill out properly and write plainly.

Awaiting your valued order which shall have our prompt attention, we remain,

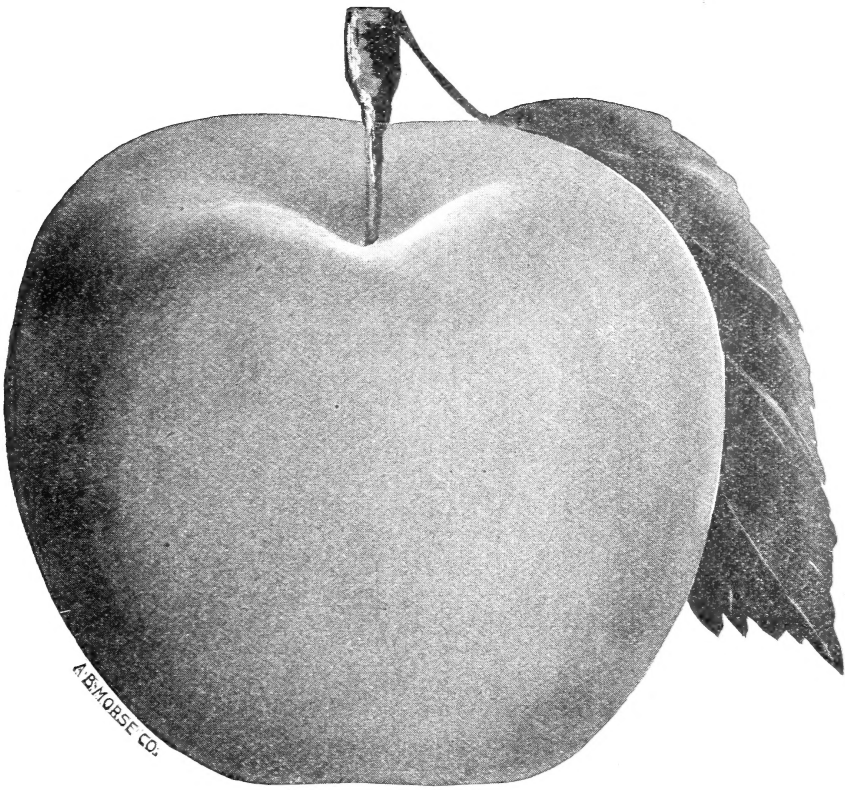
Yours very truly,

CHAS. ERNST'S NURSERIES,

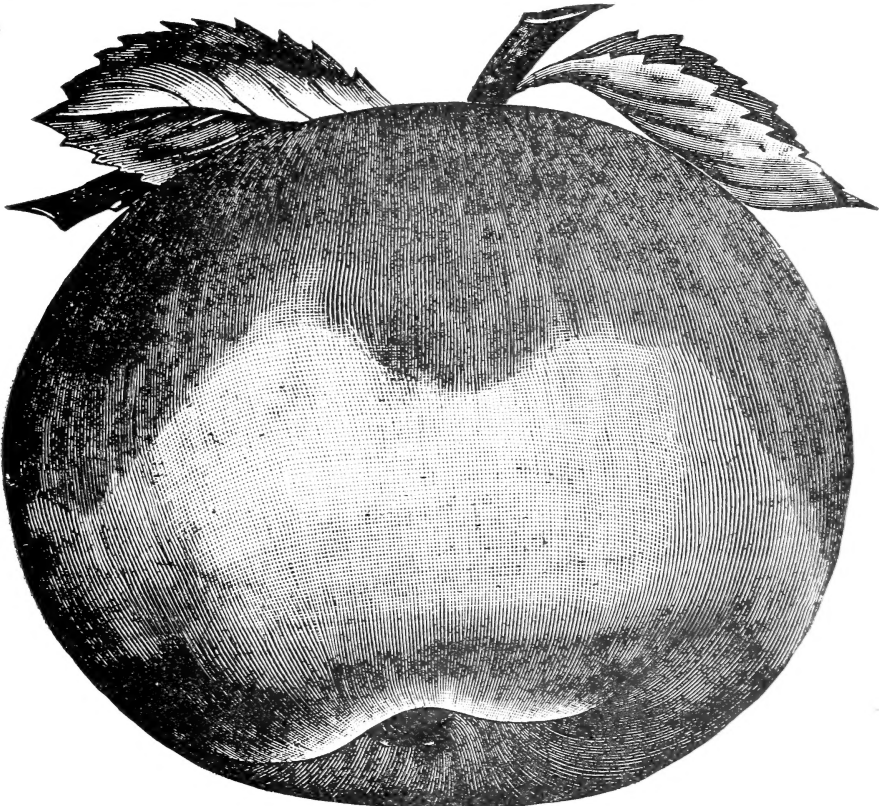
Moscow, Ohio.



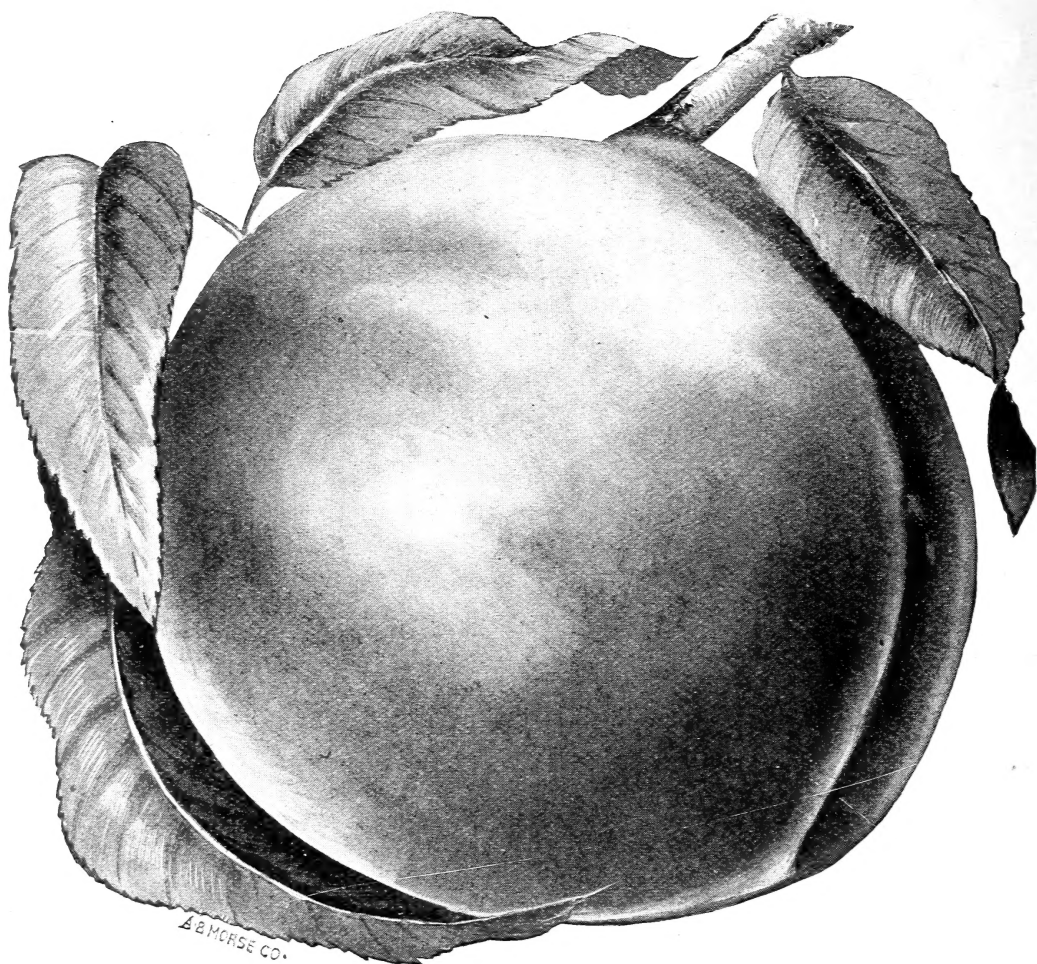
Gen. Jaqueminot.



Yellow Transparent. (See description on page 1.)



Winter Banana Apple. (See description on page 5.)



Elberta Peach. (See description on page 7.)

STATE OF OHIO.

Certificate of Nursery Inspection.

NO. 272.

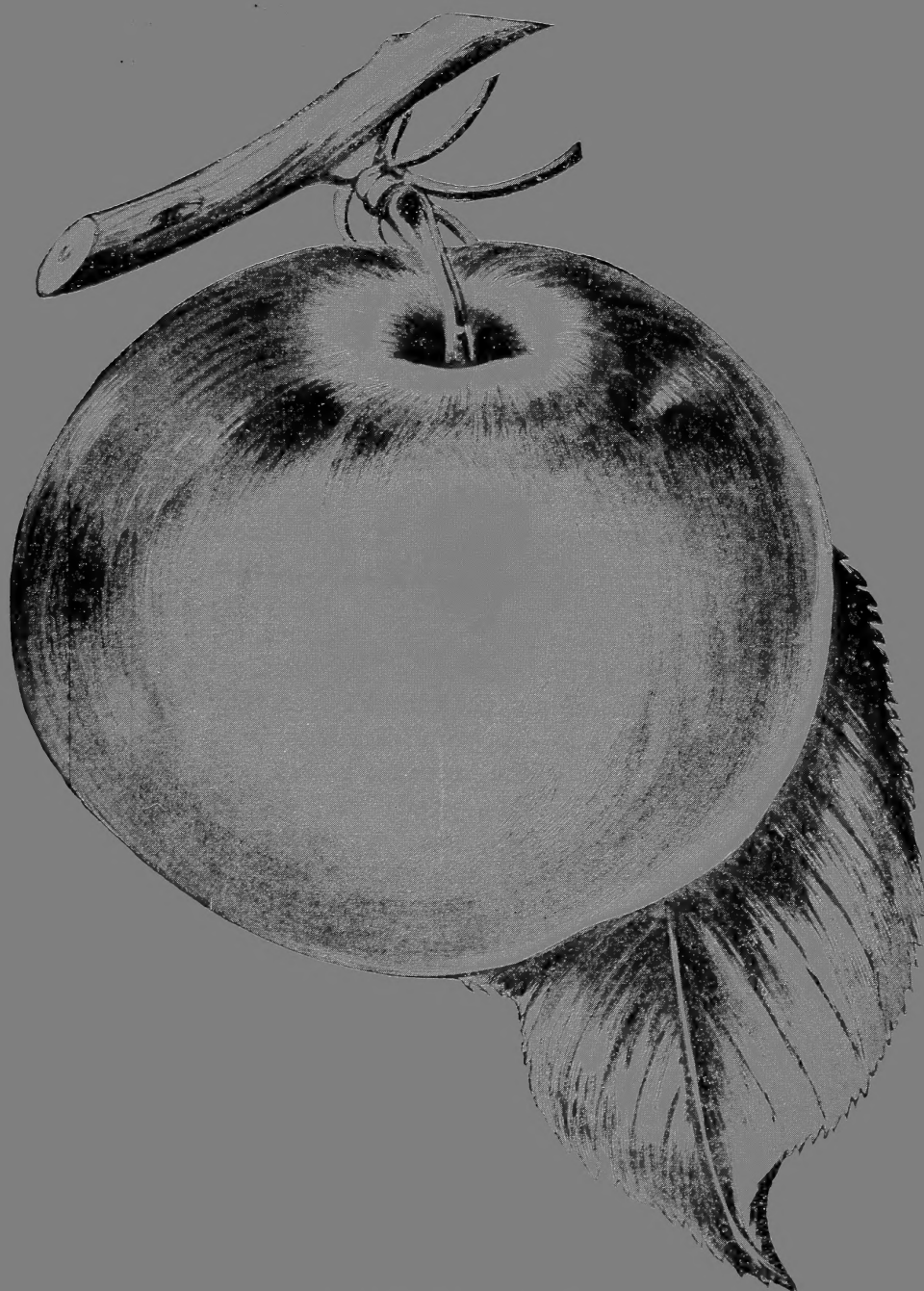
Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 15, 1903

This is to Certify: That the growing nursery stock and premises of Moscow Nurseries, Charles Ernst, proprietor, situated near Moscow, Clermont County, Ohio, have been inspected by authority of an act passed by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, May 10, 1902, and that no indications have been found of the presence of San Jose scale, black knot, peach yellows, or other dangerously injurious insects or plant diseases on such stock or premises.

This certificate is void after September 15, 1904.

A. F. BURGESS.

Chief Inspector.



Red Astrachan. (See page 1.)